# 果 <br> Pernod Ricard <br> Créateurs de convivialité 

## 2016/17 HALF-YEAR SALES AND RESULTS

9 February 2017



## Contents

3
Executive summary

Sales analysis

Marketing, innovation and CSR

32
Profit from Recurring Operations

## 44 Net profit

## 50 Cashflow and Debt

54 Conclusion and outlook

56 Appendices

All growth data specified in this presentation refers to organic growth, unless otherwise stated.
Data may be subject to rounding.
This presentation can be downloaded from our website: www.pernod-ricard.com
Limited audit procedures have been carried out on the half-year financial statements. The Auditors' report on their limited review is being prepared and will be available on our website: www.pernod-ricard.com

## Executive

## summary

## Pernod Ricard

## $+4 \%$ *

## Sales

## $+4 \%$ *

 PRO
## *+3\% restated

 for earlier CNY ${ }^{1}$
## Strong H1

## Continuation of performance improvement, with Sales and Profit from Recurring Operations («PRO») growing at +4\% organically

- Strong growth continuing in USA, for Jameson worldwide and innovation
- Improvement in China, Travel Retail and Russia, as well as for Absolut, Martell and Chivas
- Temporary adverse impact of demonetisation leading to growth deceleration in India
- Price/mix turning positive but pricing remaining subdued
- Sales and PRO organic growth $+3 \%$, restated for earlier Chinese New Year ${ }^{1}$, in line with PRO annual guidance of $+2 \%$ to $+4 \%$
- Strong Free Cash Flow: 658m€, +34\% vs. H1 16


## Consistent implementation of mid-term strategy

- Operational efficiency implementation on track with 2020 roadmap ${ }^{2}$ covering manufacturing, procurement, A\&P and supply chain
- Following changes, new organisations getting up to speed in USA, Global Travel Retail and China
- Continuation of active portfolio management, with the acquisition of a majority stake in Smooth Ambler and disposal of Domecq brandies and wines
- Sustained A\&P investment
- Innovation contributing +1\% to overall growth, driven by Jameson Caskmates, Lillet and Olmeca Altos

2. Initiatives to contribute over the period FY16 to FY20 total P\&L savings of c. $€ 200 \mathrm{~m}$, of which around half will be reinvested in A\&P, and cash savings of c. $€ 200 \mathrm{~m}$

## Key figures

| $430$ |  | H1 17 | H1 17 vs. H1 16 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Reported | Organic |
| Net profit¹ | Sales | € 5,061 m | +2\% | +4\% |
|  | Mature markets | $€ 3,076 \mathrm{~m}$ |  | +3\% |
|  | Emerging markets | € $1,985 \mathrm{~m}$ |  | +6\% |
| €658m | PRO | € 1,500 m | +4\% | +4\% |
|  | PRO / Sales | 29.6\% |  | +4bps |
| Free Cash Flow | Net Profit from Recurring Operations ${ }^{1}$ | € 957m | +5\% |  |
|  | Net Profit ${ }^{1}$ | € 914 m | +3\% |  |
|  | Free Cash Flow | € 658 m | +34\% |  |

## Sales analysis

Pernod Ricard

## $+2 \%$

Reported
Sales

## Sales growth vs. H1 16

## Half-year (€millions)



Q2 17

- Sales $+4 \%$
- In continuity of Q1

Pernod Ricard

## Organic Sales growth by region

| Americas | Asia-RoW | Europe | World |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## - FY 16



| Continued strong | Contrasted, with | Good H1 driven by |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| growth driven by | China improving | recovery in Russia |
| USA and significant | and benefiting from | and continued good |
| improvement in | an earlier CNY ${ }^{1}$ but | performance in UK |
| Travel Retail | temporary <br> slowdown on | and Spain |
|  | Indian Whiskies <br> (demonetisation) |  |

Strong H1 recovery in Russia and continued good performance in UK and Spain


Americas: +7\%
Continued strong growth

## Americas

## United States: continued good performance

## Market: still dynamic albeit with growth slowdown in Q2

## Sales in USA

## Americas excluding USA Good growth

## +10\%

## Travel Retail Americas: +14\%

- Return to growth on favourable comparison
- USD appreciation continuing to put pressure on price attractiveness
- Growth driven by Martell expanding distribution and increasing visibility across USA airports


## Canada

- Solid growth driven in particular by Jameson, Wiser's and Jacob's Creek
- Acquisition of Ungava gin


## Brazil: -10\%

- Market conditions still adverse
- Decline emphasised by unfavourable technical impact (advance shipments in H1 16 before tax hike)
- Price increase on international brands following BRL devaluation


## Cuba

- Strong double-digit growth driven by tourism


## Argentina

- Continuation of strong growth, partly favoured by inflation



## Asia-Rest of World

## Contrasted

## Sales in

Asia-RoW
India: +3\%

- Good resilience in a period of several adverse regulatory changes:

。 Growth deceleration in H1 due mainly to demonetisation:
" Impact mainly on local whisky brands, with better resilience of Blenders Pride
» Continued double-digit growth of Strategic International Brands, with positive volumes and pricing

- H2 expected to be affected by:
" Further impact of demonetisation (till end Q3)
" Supreme Court ban on highway liquor stores (implementation April 1st, 2017)
。 GST implementation pushed back to Summer 2017
- Medium-term growth potential remains significant thanks to:
- Continued trading up of the emerging middle class
- Pernod Ricard's leadership in the premium local spirits category

China: +4\%

- Stability when restated for earlier CNY ${ }^{1}$
- Clear improvement vs. FY16, driven by Martell at +10\% with all price bands in growth (recovery of Cordon Bleu); Scotch whiskies still suffering
- New commercial and marketing organisation now implemented to capitalise on the opportunity for premium brands


## Africa / Middle East: +3\%

- Growth deceleration due to macroeconomic and geopolitical context
- Strategic International Brands continuing to develop, in particular Chivas, Absolut and Jameson, driven by both volumes and pricing


## Asia-Rest of World

## Contrasted

## Japan: +6\%

- Continued strong growth
- Double-digit performance of Strategic International Brands, thanks to Perrier-Jouët, Scotch (Ballantine's, Chivas and Royal Salute) and Beefeater
- Premiumisation driven by pricing

Sales in
Asia-RoW

## Korea

- Double-digit decline due to adverse market conditions, destocking and transition to new organisation
- New commercial organisation and new innovation initiatives in place to improve future performance (including the launch of Imperial 35)


## Travel Retail Asia

- Sales in modest decline, albeit improving vs. H1 16, mainly due to delayed finalisation of negotiations with a key customer
- Scotch category still facing tough market and competitive environment


Europe
Good H1: +3\%

## Europe

## Western Europe: good resilience

## France: +6\%

- Broadly stable when restating for technical impact ${ }^{1}$
- Market context slightly improving


## Spain: +5\%

- Continued success driven by Seagram's gin
- Good performance also of whisky portfolio (Chivas, Ballantine's and The Glenlivet) and Wines

UK: +7\%

- Continuation of good growth resulting in further market share gains ${ }^{2}$
- Continued good performance of Strategic International Brands, in particular Jameson, Absolut, Chivas, The Glenlivet and Perrier-Jouët
- Good wine performance driven by Campo Viejo


## Germany

- Strong growth and market share gains ${ }^{2}$, driven by Absolut, Ballantine's and Havana Club
- Continued success in the aperitif segment with very strong growth of Lillet and continued development of Ramazzotti


## Travel Retail Europe

- Decline in a context that remains difficult


## Europe

## Eastern Europe: strong rebound

## Russia: +15\%

- Very good performance in a still difficult but improving environment
- Market share gains ${ }^{1}$
- Strong growth driven by Strategic International Brands, in particular Ballantine's, Jameson and Absolut, as well as Ararat and Olmeca


## Sales in

## Eastern

 Europe
## Poland

- Pernod Ricard gaining market share ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ in an environment that remains commercially aggressive
- Growth driven by whisky portfolio (Ballantine's, Chivas and Passport) and Absolut


## Sales analysis

## by brand

## Organic Sales growth by category



ET)

## +6\%

## Strategic International Brands

## Sales

## Strategic International Brands

## Jameson: +20\%, continued very strong performance

- Driven by USA, Europe and Africa Middle East
- USA: $+19 \%^{1}$, now largest brand in portfolio, representing just over $1 / 4$ of total USA Sales
- Europe: strong performance, particularly in Russia and the UK
- Africa Middle East: performance driven by full range including Jameson Caskmates and Jameson Black Barrel innovations


## Martell: +7\%, return to strong growth in China

- China: $+10 \%$, favoured by earlier $\mathrm{CNY}^{2}$
- Good growth outside China fuelled by fast development in USA and Travel Retail Americas
- Growth coming from all segments of range. Cordon Bleu back to growth in China.


## Absolut: +1\%, return to growth

- USA: Absolut still in decline. Objective remains to stabilise in the medium-term in an increasingly competitive vodka market. Strong development of Absolut Elyx.
- Very good performance of the $2 / 3$ of volumes sold outside USA: +6\% driven by Europe and LATAM



## $+6 \%$

## Strategic International Brands

## Sales

## Strategic International Brands

## Scotch whiskies

- Chivas: - $\mathbf{- 1 \%}$ (improving Q2 at +1\%) with continued challenging market conditions in China and Brazil, tempered by strong performance in UK, France and Spain
- The Glenlivet: flat, with range in transition following launch of Founder's Reserve
- Ballantine's: +6\%, driven by Ballantine's Finest $+8 \%$, with very good growth in Europe, especially Russia, France and Poland and in South Africa and Travel Retail Asia
- Royal Salute: +3\%, driven by India and Taiwan


## Other spirits: good overall growth

- Mumm: +3\%, with strong activation in France driving growth, particularly on higher styles
- Perrier-Jouët: +9\%, continued strong performance in Japan and across Western Europe
- Ricard: +2\%, with market share gain and performance enhanced by favourable technical impact ${ }^{1}$
- Beefeater: +5\%, continued growth from Europe and Latin America
- Havana Club: $\mathbf{+ 5 \%}$, good growth, driven by Cuba (increased tourism) and France
- Malibu: +7\%, driven by USA outperforming its category and enjoying continued strong performance following successful summer activations


Pernod Ricard

Strategic Local
Brands
Sales

## Strategic Local Brands

Slowdown in Indian Whiskies' growth (+3\%) following demonetisation and toughening regulatory environment

- Lower impact felt on the higher premium level (Blenders Pride)

Good growth for Seagram's Gin Spain, Olmeca Altos, and Ararat

Decline for Imperial (Korea) and Passport (due to Sales limitation in Angola)


Pernod Ricard

## $+2 \%$

## Strategic Wines

 Sales
## Strategic Wines

## Strong volume performance driven by Campo Viejo (UK, Spain) and Jacob’s Creek (Pacific)

Negative pricing impacted by tough market conditions (UK, USA) and promotional phasing


# Marketing, <br> innovation 

\& CSR


## MUMM

## Appointment of Usain Bolt as CEO - Chief Entertainment Officer

Based in Kingston, Jamaïca, he will dedicate his time to entertain the world alongside all Pernod Ricard's partnerships and show how the Brand Crusade - "Dare. Win. Celebrate." - can really be a strong call to action to build Mumm as the true Icon of Victory.


## BEEFEATER

## Reinvention of an icon - Bottle Redesign

Featuring a hand drawn map of the British capital, the evolution of the bottle's packaging reinforces Beefeater as an authentic product of London, which continues to be distilled in the heart of the city today. As a leading premium gin, this new look for Beefeater is set to inspire gin lovers globally to explore the true taste of London.


## JAMESON BLACK BARREL

## New Packaging

Great results for Jameson Black Barrel (+25\% vs. LY) with the roll-out of the new packaging upgrade to over 40 markets, supported by strong activations in markets such as the US, Ireland, Portugal and The Netherlands. The product continues to garner awards and gain traction among the international bartender community.

## Pernod Ricard



## JACOB'S CREEK


#### Abstract

"Who makes you" - new campaign featuring Novak Djokovic Inspired by the concept of it's not "what makes you", it's "who", the latest series explores the greatest influences in Novak's life: the people around him. 'Who Makes You' spotlights some of the most significant people that have contributed to Djokovic's journey and accomplishments.


## HAVANA CLUB

## "Momento Mojito" - Immersive Experience

To underline and amplify the brand's Cuban origin, Havana Club transported consumers to the Island by offering an experience beyond a simple mojito. Throughout the summer and in different markets, abandoned public spaces were reclaimed to deliver a unique experience focused around Cuban atmosphere, food, colour, music, workshops and mojitos.


## CLAN CAMPBELL

"Ici Commence le Clan" - New out of home campaign
Bringing to life a rough and realistic - yet inspiring - vision of their everyday work for our consumers, the Clan Campbell workers face us with pride.
The vibrant fraternity that emerges from these images captures the essence of the brand positioning: contemporary, free and proud.


## SMOOTH AMBLER SPIRITS

## Acquisition

Pernod Ricard has signed an agreement to take a majority stake in Smooth Ambler Spirits Co., the award-winning West Virginia distiller and producer of Smooth Ambler Contradiction Bourbon, Old Scout Single Barrel Bourbon and other high-end spirits.
Smooth Ambler Spirits Co., founded in 2009, is located in the Greenbrier Valley of West Virginia. It uses regional natural resources and ingredients to produce bourbons, gins, vodkas, rums and whiskeys, including the Old Scout Single Barrel Bourbon, which was recognized recently as the "Best Single Barrel Bourbon in the World" at Whiskey Magazine's 2016 World Whiskies Awards.


## PERRIER-JOUET

## L'Eden by \#PerrierJouet in London

VIP guests were transported into an immersive experience around a completely new vision of nature in the highly anticipated launch of L'Eden by Perrier-Jouët during London Fashion Week and London Design Festival.
L'Eden by Perrier-Jouët celebrated the creative effervescence of two of the biggest cultural weeks, with an enchanting installation from leading Parisian designer Noé Duchaufour-Lawrance and the world's first bio-responsive garden by Bompas \& Parr. This oasis of natural charm combined with a touch of magic, provided a completely unique experience.

## MARTELL

## Creation of the Martell Corporate Foundation

As a cultural and multi-disciplinary organisation, the foundation is a natural extension of Martell's tradition of collaboration and patronage and was created to generate dialogue between its heritage and artists from all over the world.



## PACTO NAVIO

## New Cuban Rum Release

PACTO NAVIO is an authentic Cuban rum, finished in Sauternes barrels. It is the result of a meticulous assembly of old Cuban rum bases. Its aging, partly completed in barrels of Sauternes, brings all its aromatic power. This specific process of elaboration is inspired by a tradition dating from the early 19th century trade development between when France and Cuba, the old and the new world.


## ABSOLUT

## Absolut Lime Product Launch in Q3

Absolut Lime is the latest addition to the core range of flavors. An instant classic, this citrus sibling arrives almost 30 years after the launch of Absolut Citron. With its fresh, balanced taste of natural Lime flavor and iconic frosted bottle, Absolut Lime perfectly complements the range as a key ingredient in many of today's classic drinks with a refreshing twist.


## BALLANTINE'S

Ballantine's Lumen - Digital Bottle
Ballantine's Lumen is the World's first Programmable \& Connected bottle that can display any type of digital content and will enable bar and club owners to bring a new, unparalleled experience to their customers.

## ROUTE TO MARKET / CONSUMERS

## On Trade

## PERNOD PRO

## New CRM Programme for Champagne \& Spirits On Trade Customers - FRANCE

PernodPro is the first Customer Relationship Programme (CRM) for Champagne \& Spirits OnTrade customers (barmen, restaurant owners, wine shop managers...).


## Pernod Ricard

## Strong progress on

 rating agencies :

- Maintains its \#1 ranking in the Beverage industry
- Included in 4 indices (vs. 2 in 2015)

- A-score on the fight against climate change (vs. B in 2015).


## RESPONSIBLE PARTY

"Responsible Party" is a pan-European initiative that recruits student ambassadors to engage with other students. We educate more than 300000 students in Europe about the health effects of excessive alcohol consumption.


## WATER IN INDIA

In India, where water is an important local issue, Pernod Ricard India has built water harvesting structures covering an area of $32,000 \mathrm{~m} 2$ on Grampanchayat land in Waghadevnager. This water will be used by the 5000 villagers and will provide farmers with reserves to irrigate their fields and supply their livestock with drinking water.


THE SMART BAROMETER: We Commit, We measure.
Pernod Ricard created an innovative digital tool to regularly share its contribution and progress to the 5 commitments made by the alcohol beverage industry (https://smartbarometer.pernod-ricard.com/)
The Group is on track to meeting its objective of 95\% by December 2017


Profit from Recurring Operations


## Summary income statement

## Pernod Ricard

Summary income statement
$+4 \%$
PRO

| € millions | H1 16 | H1 17 | reported <br> $\Delta$ | organic <br> $\Delta$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales | 4,958 | 5,061 | $+2 \%$ | $+4 \%$ |
| Gross margin after logistics costs (GM) | 3,078 | 3,158 | $+3 \%$ | $+3 \%$ |
| GM / Sales | $62.1 \%$ | $62.4 \%$ |  | $-31 b p s$ |
| Advertising \& prom. expenditure (A\&P) | $\mathbf{1 9 0 8 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 9 0 1 )}$ | $-1 \%$ | $+1 \%$ |
| A\&P / Sales | $18.3 \%$ | $17.8 \%$ |  | $-50 b p s$ |
| Contribution after A\&P expenditure (CAAP) | 2,170 | $\mathbf{2 , 2 5 7}$ | $+4 \%$ | $+4 \%$ |
| CAAP / Sales | $43.8 \%$ | $44.6 \%$ |  | $+19 b p s$ |
| Profit from Recurring Operations (PRO) | 1,438 | $\mathbf{1 , 5 0 0}$ | $+4 \%$ | $+4 \%$ |
| PRO / Sales | $29.0 \%$ | $29.6 \%$ |  | $+4 b p s$ |

## Income statement key comments

## H1 Profit from Recurring Operations: +4\%

- $+3 \%$ when restated for earlier CNY ${ }^{1}$, consistent with full-year FY17 +2\% to $+4 \%$ guidance

PRO

## Gross Margin down -31bps

- Positive price/mix but pricing still subdued
- Tight management of Cost Of Goods Sold ("COGS") thanks to operational efficiency initiatives, despite negative impact of new taxes (Vietnam) and significant increase of Grain Neutral Spirit (India) and agave cost

A\&P +1\%

- Lapping strong increase in H1 16
- Numerous initiatives to drive stronger efficiency


## Structure costs ${ }^{2}$ tightly managed

Slight Improvement in PRO margin: +4bps, up to 29.6\%
FX impact almost neutral

## Pernod Ricard

## $+4 \%$ Organic PRO

## Change in PRO



## Change in PRO - FX impact

## Slightly Positive FX impact on PRO in H1

A slightly positive impact in H1 driven by GBP (though limited due to preBrexit hedging) and JPY offset by a negative impact from the CNY
€ millions ${ }^{1}$


For full-year FY17, a positive FX impact on PRO of c. $€ 80 \mathrm{~m}$ is expected ${ }^{2}$


Analysis by region

## Analysis by market type

## Healthy balance between emerging and mature markets

## Analysis by region

## Healthy geographical balance

## Americas

## Good performance driven by USA and Travel Retail, further enhanced by FX

## Americas

PRO

| € millions | H 116 | H 117 | reported <br> $\Delta$ | organic <br> $\Delta$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales | 1,369 | $\mathbf{1 , 4 3 1}$ | $+4 \%$ | $+7 \%$ |
| GM | 890 | 972 | $+9 \%$ | $+7 \%$ |
| GM / Sales | $65.0 \%$ | $68.0 \%$ |  | $+17 b p s$ |
| A\&P | $(277)$ | $\mathbf{( 2 9 1 )}$ | $+5 \%$ | $+7 \%$ |
| A\&P / Sales | $20.2 \%$ | $20.4 \%$ |  | flat |
| CAAP | 613 | 681 | $+11 \%$ | $+7 \%$ |
| CAAP / Sales | $44.8 \%$ | $47.6 \%$ |  | $+16 b p s$ |
| PRO $^{1}$ | 400 | 463 | $+16 \%$ | $+9 \%$ |
| PRO / Sales | $29.2 \%$ | $32.4 \%$ |  | $+58 b p s$ |

- Strong Sales growth
- Gross margin rate $\mathbf{+ 1 7 b p s}$ thanks to positive mix in USA (premiumisation)
- A\&P broadly in line with topline
- Strong enhancement of PRO margin thanks to premiumisation, tight management of resources and FX


## Asia-Rest of World <br> PRO favoured by earlier CNY ${ }^{1}$ but impacted by slowdown in India

| € millions | H1 16 | H1 17 | reported <br> $\Delta$ | organic <br> $\Delta$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales $^{2}$ | 2,019 | $\mathbf{2 , 0 4 0}$ | $+1 \%$ | $+3 \%$ |
| GM | 1,229 | $\mathbf{1 , 2 1 2}$ | $-1 \%$ | $+1 \%$ |
| GM / Sales | $60.9 \%$ | $59.4 \%$ |  | -100 bps |
| A\&P | $(350)$ | $\mathbf{( 3 3 0 )}$ | $-6 \%$ | $-4 \%$ |
| A\&P / Sales | $17.3 \%$ | $16.2 \%$ |  | $-104 b p s$ |
| CAAP | 879 | 883 | $0 \%$ | $3 \%$ |
| CAAP / Sales | $43.6 \%$ | $43.3 \%$ |  | +5 bps |
| PRO $^{3}$ | 645 | 633 | $-2 \%$ | $+1 \%$ |
| PRO / Sales | $31.9 \%$ | $31.0 \%$ |  | -45 bps |

- Sales growth +3\% driven by China but negatively impacted by India (demonetisation) and Korea
- Gross margin down 100bps, due mainly to COGS pressure in India (including Grain Neutral Spirit increase), new taxes (Vietnam), promotional phasing and tough commercial conditions in Travel Retail
- Decline in A\&P while maintaining investment behind key strategic priorities
- Reported PRO in slight decline due to FX impact resulting mainly from negative movement on Chinese yuan

2. Including customs duties
3. Head office costs allocated in proportion to CAAP

## Europe

## Strong growth of PRO, favoured by good Sales and tight management of resources

## Europe

 PRO| € millions | H1 16 | H1 17 | reported <br> $\Delta$ | organic <br> $\Delta$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales | 1,570 | 1,589 | $+1 \%$ | $+3 \%$ |
| GM | 959 | 973 | $+2 \%$ | $+3 \%$ |
| GM / Sales | $61.1 \%$ | $61.2 \%$ |  | $+4 b p s$ |
| A\&P | $(281)$ | $(280)$ | $0 \%$ | $+1 \%$ |
| A\&P / Sales | $17.9 \%$ | $17.6 \%$ |  | $-31 b p s$ |
| CAAP | 677 | 693 | $+2 \%$ | $+4 \%$ |
| CAAP / Sales | $43.1 \%$ | $43.6 \%$ |  | $+35 b p s$ |
| PRO $^{1}$ | 393 | 405 | $+3 \%$ | $+4 \%$ |
| PRO / Sales | $25.0 \%$ | $25.5 \%$ |  | $+18 b p s$ |

- Sales growth at $\mathbf{+ 3 \%}$, thanks to solid growth in Western Europe, a return to growth in Eastern Europe and a positive technical impact in France ${ }^{2}$
- Improvement in Gross margin due mainly to product mix
- Tight management of resources (A\&P and Structure costs)
- Organic improvement of operating margin +18bps, up to $\mathbf{2 5 . 5} \%$ thanks to product mix and tight management of resources

2. Shipments brought forward from July to June 2015 ahead of back-office mutualisation between Ricard and Pernod on 1 July 2015

Net profit

## Financial income (expense) from recurring operations

## Lowering cost of debt

| € millions | H1 16 | H1 17 | reported <br> $\Delta$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial income (expense) from <br> recurring operations | $(217)$ | $\mathbf{( 2 0 1 )}$ | +16 |
| Cost of debt | $4.2 \%$ | $4.0 \%$ |  |

- Reduction in Financial expenses from recurring operations
- Reduction in cost of debt from $4.2 \%$ to $4.0 \%$ thanks to bond refinancing
- Improved cashflow
- Slight positive FX impact: +1 M€
- Expect cost of debt to further decline to c. 3.8\% for full-year FY17


## Corporate income tax on recurring items

| € millions | H1 16 | H1 17 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Corporate income tax on recurring items | $(302)$ | $(334)$ |
| Rate | $24.7 \%$ | $25.7 \%$ |

- Tax rate on recurring items close to $\mathbf{2 6 \%}$, in line with expectations for full-year FY17


## Group share of Net Profit from Recurring Operations and EPS

| € millions | H1 16 | H1 17 | Reported <br> $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit from Recurring Operations | 1,438 | 1,500 | $\mathbf{+ 4 \%}$ |
| Financial income (expense) from recurring operations | $(217)$ | $(201)$ | $-7 \%$ |
| Income tax on recurring operations | $(302)$ | $(334)$ | $\mathbf{+ 1 1 \%}$ |
| Minority interests and other | $(10)$ | $(9)$ |  |
| Group share of Net Profit from Recurring <br> Operations | $\mathbf{9 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{9 5 7}$ | $\mathbf{+ 5 \%}$ |
| Diluted net earnings per share from recurring <br> operations "EPS" ( $£$ /share) | $\mathbf{3 . 4 2}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{+ 5 \%}$ |

- Increase of $+5 \%$ in Net Profit from Recurring Operations and EPS, due to PRO organic growth and a reduction in financial expenses, despite a higher tax rate


## Non-recurring items

| € millions | H1 16 | H1 17 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Non-recurring operating income and expenses | (35) | 0 |
| Non-recurring financial items | (1) | (4) |
| Corporate income tax on non-recurring items | 13 | $(38)$ |

- Limited overall impact of non-recurring items


## Group share of Net profit

| € millions | H1 16 | H1 17 | Reported <br> $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit from Recurring Operations | $\mathbf{1 , 4 3 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{+ 4 \%}$ |
| Non-recurring operating income and expenses | $(35)$ | 0 |  |
| Operating profit | $\mathbf{1 , 4 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{+ 7 \%}$ |
| Financial income (expense) from recurring | $(217)$ | $(201)$ |  |
| operations | $(1)$ | $(4)$ |  |
| Non-recurring financial items | $(289)$ | $(372)$ |  |
| Corporate income tax | $(10)$ | $(9)$ |  |
| Non-controlling interests and other | $\mathbf{8 8 6}$ | 914 | $\mathbf{+ 3 \%}$ |
| Group share of net profit |  |  |  |

## Cashflow

\& Debt

## Pernod Ricard

## +€168m <br> Free Cash Flow vs. H1 16

## Free Cash Flow increased +34\%, partly favoured by phasing

+€168m
Free Cash Flow
vs. H1 16

Strong increase in Free Cash Flow at €658m, +€168m / +34\% vs. H1 16

- Favourable variation of strategic inventory thanks to optimised management of Scotch inventory and supply
- Positive Working Capital variation impacted by favourable phasing (technical), optimisation of finished goods' inventories (Operational excellence roadmap) and stable DSO
- Capex slightly down: (€145m), +€21m vs. H1 16, due to H1 / H2 phasing
- Financial expenses down thanks to lower cost of debt and improved cashflow


## Pernod Ricard

## $€ 134 \mathrm{~m}$ <br> Net Cash Generation before translation adjustment

## Strong improvement in Net Cash Generation Net debt increase due to FX

## € millions



- Very strong Net Cash Generation despite adverse impact of H1 seasonality on Working capital and full dividend payment. Strong improvement: +€134m in H1 $\mathbf{1 7}$ vs. ( $€ \mathbf{6 0 m}$ ) in H1 16, mainly thanks to recurring Free Cash Flow improvement
- Net debt up +€237m to $€ 8,953 \mathrm{~m}$ due to adverse translation adjustment (EUR/USD rate 1.11 at $30 / 06 / 2016$ vs. 1.05 at $31 / 12 / 2016$ ) on USD-denominated debt ( $62 \%$ of Gross Debt as of 31/12/2016, reduced to 57\% in January 2017)
- Net debt / EBITDA ratio at $<3.4$ at average rates ${ }^{1}$

。 Improvement vs. <3.6 at 31/12/2015
。 Improvement by <0.1 compared to $\mathbf{3 0 / 0 6 / 1 6}$ despite adverse H1 cash seasonality

## Conclusion and outlook

## Conclusion \& Outlook

Strong H1, consistent with the Outlook provided in September
For full-year FY17, in an uncertain environment, Pernod Ricard expects:

- Good growth to continue in USA, Jameson worldwide and innovation
- Improvement vs. FY16 in China, Absolut and Chivas
- Temporary deceleration in India, due to one-off regulatory measures
- Ongoing focus on operating margin and cash flow * 2020 Operational excellence roadmap being implemented * Strong cash flow generation
- Positive FX impact of c. $€ 80 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ on PRO


## Confirmation of FY17 Guidance:

Organic growth in PRO between $+2 \%$ and $+4 \%$

## Appendices

## Upcoming communications

## DATE ${ }^{(1)}$

## EVENT

Wednesday 29 March 2017

Thursday 20 April 2017

Monday 15 May 2017

Thursday 31 August 2017

Thursday 19 October 2017

Thursday 9 November 2017

EMEA LATAM conference call

Q3 2016/17 Sales

Asia Conference call

2016/17 Full-year Results

Q1 2017/18 Sales

Annual General Meeting

## Definitions and additional information related to the use of non-IFRS measures

Pernod Ricard's management process is based on the following non-IFRS measures which are chosen for planning and reporting. The Group's management believes these measures provide valuable additional information for users of the financial statements in understanding the Group's performance. These nonIFRS measures should be considered as complementary to the comparable IFRS measures and reported movements therein.

## Organic growth

Organic growth is calculated after excluding the impacts of exchange rate movements and acquisitions and disposals. Exchange rates impact is calculated by translating the current year results at the prior year's exchange rates.
For acquisitions in the current year, the post-acquisition results are excluded from the organic movement calculations. For acquisitions in the prior year, postacquisition results are included in the prior year but are included in the organic movement calculation from the anniversary of the acquisition date in the current year.
Where a business, brand, brand distribution right or agency agreement was disposed of, or terminated, in the prior year, the Group, in the organic movement calculations, excludes the results for that business from the prior year. For disposals or terminations in the current year, the Group excludes the results for that business from the prior year from the date of the disposal or termination.
This measure enables to focus on the performance of the business which is common to both years and which represents those measures that local managers are most directly able to influence.

## Free cash flow

Free cash flow comprises the net cash flow from operating activities excluding the contributions to Allied Domecq pension plans, aggregated with the proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets and after deduction of the capital expenditures.

## "Recurring" indicators

The following 3 measures represent key indicators for the measurement of the recurring performance of the business, excluding significant items that, because of their nature and their unusual occurrence, cannot be considered as inherent to the recurring performance of the Group:

## - Recurring free cash flow

Recurring free cash flow is calculated by restating free cash flow from non-recurring items.

## - Profit from recurring operations

Profit from recurring operations corresponds to the operating profit excluding other non-current operating income and expenses.

- Group share of net profit from recurring operations

Group share of net profit from recurring operations corresponds to the Group share of net profit excluding other non-current operating income and expenses, non-recurring financial items and corporate income tax on non-recurring items.

## Net debt

Net debt, as defined and used by the Group, corresponds to total gross debt (translated at the closing rate), including fair value and net foreign currency assets hedging derivatives (hedging of net investments and similar), less cash and cash equivalents.

## EBITDA

EBITDA stands for "earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization". EBITDA is an accounting measure calculated using the Group's profit from recurring operations excluding depreciation and amortization on operating fixed assets.

## House of Brands effective 1 July 2016

Strategic International Brands


Strategic Local Brands


Strategic Wines


| Americas | Asia-Rest of World |  | Europe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Argentina | Algeria | Malaysia | Albania |
| Bolivia | Angola | Mongolia | Armenia |
| Brazil | Cambodia | Morocco | Azerbaijan |
| Caribbean | Cameroon | Mozambique | Belarus |
| Chile | China | Namibia | Bosnia |
| Colombia | Congo | Nigeria | Bulgaria |
| Costa Rica | Egypt | Persian Gulf | Croatia |
| Cuba | Ethiopia | Philippines | Georgia |
| Dominican Republic | Gabon | Senegal | Hungary |
| Ecuador | Ghana | South Africa | Kazakhstan |
| Guatemala | India | Sri Lanka | Kosovo |
| Honduras | Indonesia | Syria | Latvia |
| Mexico | Iraq | Tanzania | Lithuania |
| Panama | Ivory Coast | Thailand | Macedonia |
| Paraguay | Jordan | Tunisia | Moldova |
| Peru | Kenya | Turkey | Montenegro |
| Puerto Rico | Laos | Uganda | Poland |
| Uruguay | Lebanon | Vietnam | Romania |
| Venezuela | Madagascar | Zambia | Russia |
|  |  |  | Serbia |
|  |  |  | Ukraine |

# Strategic International Brands organic Sales growth 

|  |  | Organic Sales growth H1 17 | Volumes | Price/mix |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Absolut | 6.2 | 1\% | 2\% | -1\% |
| Chivas Regal | 2.6 | -1\% | 0\% | -1\% |
| Ballantine's | 3.9 | 6\% | 7\% | -1\% |
| Ricard | 2.5 | 2\% | 3\% | -1\% |
| Jameson | 3.6 | 20\% | 16\% | 4\% |
| Havana Club | 2.3 | 5\% | 7\% | -2\% |
| Malibu | 1.8 | 7\% | 6\% | 0\% |
| Beefeater | 1.6 | 5\% | 4\% | 1\% |
| Martell | 1.3 | 7\% | 7\% | 0\% |
| The Glenlivet | 0.6 | 0\% | -1\% | 1\% |
| Royal Salute | 0.1 | 3\% | 7\% | -4\% |
| Mumm | 0.5 | 3\% | 4\% | -1\% |
| Perrier-Jouët | 0.2 | 9\% | 5\% | 4\% |
| Strategic International Brands | 27.2 | 6\% | 5\% | 0\% |

Pernod Ricard
Sales Analysis by Period and Region

| Net Sales <br> (€ Million) | Q1 16 |  | Q1 17 |  | Change |  | Organic Growth |  | Group Structure |  | Forex impact |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Americas | 627 | 28.2\% | 649 | 28.9\% | 22 | 3\% | 52 | 8\% | (7) | -1\% | (24) | -4\% |
| Asia / Rest of the World | 938 | 42.2\% | 917 | 40.8\% | (21) | -2\% | 1 | 0\% | (0) | 0\% | (21) | -2\% |
| Europe | 658 | 29.6\% | 682 | 30.3\% | 24 | 4\% | 38 | 6\% | 5 | 1\% | (19) | -3\% |
| World | 2,223 | 100.0\% | 2,248 | 100.0\% | 24 | 1\% | 91 | 4\% | (2) | 0\% | (64) | -3\% |
| Net Sales <br> (€ Million) | Q2 16 |  | Q2 17 |  | Chan |  | Organic Growth |  | Group Structure |  | Forex impact |  |
| Americas | 742 | 27.1\% | 782 | 27.8\% | 40 | 5\% | 43 | 6\% | 1 | 0\% | (4) | -1\% |
| Asia / Rest of the World | 1,081 | 39.5\% | 1,123 | 39.9\% | 43 | 4\% | 51 | 5\% | (0) | 0\% | (8) | -1\% |
| Europe | 911 | 33.3\% | 907 | 32.3\% | (4) | 0\% | 12 | 1\% | 5 | 1\% | (22) | -2\% |
| World | 2,734 | 100.0\% | 2,813 | 100.0\% | 79 | 3\% | 107 | 4\% | 6 | 0\% | (34) | -1\% |
| Net Sales <br> (€Million) | H1 16 |  | H1 17 |  | Change |  | Organic Growth |  | Group Structure |  | Forex impact |  |
| Americas | 1,369 | 27.6\% | 1,431 | 28.3\% | 62 | 4\% | 95 | 7\% | (5) | 0\% | (28) | -2\% |
| Asia / Rest of the World | 2,019 | 40.7\% | 2,040 | 40.3\% | 22 | 1\% | 52 | 3\% | (0) | 0\% | (30) | -1\% |
| Europe | 1,570 | 31.7\% | 1,589 | 31.4\% | 19 | 1\% | 50 | 3\% | 10 | 1\% | (41) | -3\% |
| World | 4,958 | 100.0\% | 5,061 | 100.0\% | 103 | 2\% | 197 | 4\% | 4 | 0\% | (99) | -2\% |

## Pernod Ricard

## Summary Consolidated Income Statement

| (€ millions) | 31/12/2015 | 31/12/2016 | Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales | 4,958 | 5,061 | 2\% |
| Gross Margin after logistics costs | 3,078 | 3,158 | 3\% |
| Advertising and promotion expenses | (908) | (901) | -1\% |
| Contribution after A\&P expenditure | 2,170 | 2,257 | 4\% |
| Structure costs | (732) | (756) | 3\% |
| Profit from recurring operations | 1,438 | 1,500 | 4\% |
| Financial income/(expense) from recurring operations | (217) | (201) | -7\% |
| Corporate income tax on items from recurring operations | (302) | (334) | 11\% |
| Net profit from discontinued operations, non-controlling interests and share of net income from associates | (10) | (9) | -10\% |
| Group share of net profit from recurring operations | 909 | 957 | 5\% |
| Otheroperating income \& expenses | (35) | (0) | NA |
| Financial income/(expense) from non-recurring operations | (1) | (4) | NA |
| Corporate income tax on items from non recurring operations | 13 | (38) | NA |
| Group share of net profit | 886 | 914 | 3\% |
| Non-controlling interests | 10 | 10 | -3\% |
| Net profit | 896 | 924 | 3\% |

## Profit from Recurring Operations by Region (1/2)

World

| (€ millions) | H1 16 |  | H1 17 |  | Change |  | Organic Growth |  | Group Structure |  | Forex impact |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales (Excl. T\&D) | 4,958 | 100.0\% | 5,061 | 100.0\% | 103 | 2\% | 197 | 4\% | 4 | 0\% | (99) | -2\% |
| Gross margin after logistics costs | 3,078 | 62.1\% | 3,158 | 62.4\% | 80 | 3\% | 106 | 3\% | 3 | 0\% | (29) | -1\% |
| Advertising \& promotion | (908) | 18.3\% | (901) | 17.8\% | 7 | -1\% | (11) | 1\% | (1) | 0\% | 18 | -2\% |
| Contribution after A\&P | 2,170 | 43.8\% | 2,257 | 44.6\% | 87 | 4\% | 96 | 4\% | 2 | 0\% | (11) | -1\% |
| Profit from recurring operations | 1,438 | 29.0\% | 1,500 | 29.6\% | 63 | 4\% | 59 | 4\% | 1 | 0\% | 3 | 0\% |

Americas

| (€ millions) | H1 16 |  | H1 17 |  | Change |  | Organic Growth |  | Group Structure |  | Forex impact |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales (Excl. T\&D) | 1,369 | 100.0\% | 1,431 | 100.0\% | 62 | 4\% | 95 | 7\% | (5) | 0\% | (28) | -2\% |
| Gross margin after logistics costs | 890 | 65.0\% | 972 | 68.0\% | 82 | 9\% | 64 | 7\% | 0 | 0\% | 18 | 2\% |
| Advertising \& promotion | (277) | 20.2\% | (291) | 20.4\% | (14) | 5\% | (19) | 7\% | (0) | 0\% | 5 | -2\% |
| Contribution after A\&P | 613 | 44.8\% | 681 | 47.6\% | 68 | 11\% | 45 | 7\% | 0 | 0\% | 23 | 4\% |
| Profit from recurring operations | 400 | 29.2\% | 463 | 32.4\% | 63 | 16\% | 36 | 9\% | (0) | 0\% | 27 | 7\% |

## Profit from Recurring Operations by Region (2/2)

Asia / Rest of the World

| (€ millions) | H1 16 |  | H1 17 |  | Change |  | Organic Growth |  | Group Structure |  | Forex impact |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales (Excl. T\&D) | 2,019 | 100.0\% | 2,040 | 100.0\% | 22 | 1\% | 52 | 3\% | (0) | 0\% | (30) | -1\% |
| Gross margin after logistics costs | 1,229 | 60.9\% | 1,212 | 59.4\% | (16) | -1\% | 11 | 1\% | (0) | 0\% | (27) | -2\% |
| Advertising \& promotion | (350) | 17.3\% | (330) | 16.2\% | 20 | -6\% | 13 | -4\% | 0 | 0\% | 7 | -2\% |
| Contribution after A\&P | 879 | 43.6\% | 883 | 43.3\% | 3 | 0\% | 24 | 3\% | (0) | 0\% | (20) | -2\% |
| Profit from recurring operations | 645 | 31.9\% | 633 | 31.0\% | (12) | -2\% | 7 | 1\% | (0) | 0\% | (19) | -3\% |

Europe

| (€ millions) | H1 16 |  | H1 17 |  | Change |  | Organic Growth |  | Group Structure |  | Forex impact |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales (Excl. T\&D) | 1,570 | 100.0\% | 1,589 | 100.0\% | 19 | 1\% | 50 | 3\% | 10 | 1\% | (41) | -3\% |
| Gross margin after logistics costs | 959 | 61.1\% | 973 | 61.2\% | 15 | 2\% | 31 | 3\% | 3 | 0\% | (20) | -2\% |
| Advertising \& promotion | (281) | 17.9\% | (280) | 17.6\% | 1 | 0\% | (4) | 1\% | (1) | 0\% | 6 | -2\% |
| Contribution after A\&P | 677 | 43.1\% | 693 | 43.6\% | 16 | 2\% | 27 | 4\% | 2 | 0\% | (14) | -2\% |
| Profit from recurring operations | 393 | 25.0\% | 405 | 25.5\% | 12 | 3\% | 16 | 4\% | 1 | 0\% | (5) | -1\% |

## Foreign Exchange Impact



For full-year FY17, a positive FX impact on PRO of $c$. $€ 80 \mathrm{~m}$ is expected ${ }^{2}$

## Sensitivity of profit and debt to EUR/USD exchange

Estimated impact of a $\mathbf{1 \%}$ appreciation of the USD and linked currencies ${ }^{(1)}$ (before hedging)

| Impact on the income statement ${ }^{(2)}$ | (€ millions) |
| :--- | :---: |
| Profit from Recurring Operations | $+17^{(3)}$ |
| Financial expenses | $(2)$ |
| Pre-tax Profit from Recurring Operations | +15 |

(3) including +€12M on USD only

## Pernod Ricard Balance Sheet: Assets

| Assets (€ millions) | 30/06/2016 | 31/12/2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Net amounts) |  |  |
| Non-current assets |  |  |
| Intangible assets and goodwill | 17,572 | 17,953 |
| Tangible assets and other assets | 3,233 | 2,989 |
| Deferred tax assets | 2,505 | 2,527 |
| Total non-current assets | 23,310 | 23,469 |
| Current assets |  |  |
| Inventories | 5,294 | 5,194 |
| Receivables (*) | 1,068 | 1,924 |
| Other current assets | 251 | 232 |
| Tax receivable | 92 | 117 |
| Cash and cash equivalents and current derivatives | 577 | 764 |
| Total current assets | 7,282 | 8,232 |
| Assets held for sale | 6 | 51 |
| Total assets | 30,598 | 31,752 |
| (*) after disposals of receivables of: | 520 | 913 |

## Balance Sheet: Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

| Liabilities and shareholders' equity (€ millions) | 30/06/2016 | 31/12/2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Group Shareholders' equity | 13,337 | 13,850 |
| Non-controlling interests of which profit attributable to non-controlling interests | $\begin{array}{r} 169 \\ 20 \end{array}$ | 171 10 |
| Total Shareholders' equity | 13,506 | 14,021 |
| Non-current provisions and deferred tax liabilities | 4,718 | 4,842 |
| Non-current financial liabilities and derivative instruments | 341 | 220 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 12,137 | 12,322 |
| Current provisions | 167 | 136 |
| Operating payables | 1,688 | 2,010 |
| Otheroperating payables | 909 | 709 |
| Tax payable | 101 | 242 |
| Bonds - current | 1,884 | 1,959 |
| Current financial liabilities and derivatives | 207 | 353 |
| Total current liabilities | 4,955 | 5,409 |
| Liabilities held forsale | 0 | - |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' equity | 30,598 | 31,752 |

## Pernod Ricard

## Analysis of Working Capital Requirement

| (€ millions) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 2015 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December } \\ 2015 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 2016 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December } \\ 2016 \end{gathered}$ | H1 16 WC change* | H1 17 WC change* |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Aged work in progress | 4,430 | 4,416 | 4,364 | 4,331 | 45 | 8 |
| Advances to suppliers for wine and ageing spirits | 8 | 13 | 5 | 16 | 6 | 11 |
| Payables on wine and ageing spirits | 107 | 148 | 109 | 140 | 42 | 31 |
| Net aged work in progress | 4,331 | 4,281 | 4,260 | 4,207 | 9 | (12) |
| Trade receivables before factoring/securitization | 1,674 | 2,571 | 1,517 | 2,745 | 956 | 1,192 |
| Advances from customers | 3 | 1 | 2 | 17 | (2) | 15 |
| Other receivables | 305 | 312 | 305 | 297 | 12 | (3) |
| Other inventories | 847 | 824 | 857 | 784 | (3) | (76) |
| Non-aged work in progress | 73 | 71 | 73 | 80 | 0 | 7 |
| Trade payables and other | 2,208 | 2,419 | 2,168 | 2,521 | 253 | 322 |
| Gross operating working capital | 689 | 1,359 | 582 | 1,367 | 715 | 783 |
| Factoring/Securitization impact | 591 | 861 | 520 | 913 | (270) | (386) |
| Net Operating Working Capital | 98 | 497 | 62 | 454 | 445 | 397 |
| Net Working Capital | 4,428 | 4,778 | 4,322 | 4,661 | 455 | 385 |
| * without FX effects and reclassifications |  |  | Of which re ich non re | rring variation rring variation | 459 (4) | 374 10 |


| (€ millions) | 31/12/2015 |  |  | 31/12/2016 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Current | Non-current | Total | Current | Non-current | Total |
| Bonds | 1,390 | 7,562 | 8,951 | 1,959 | 7,260 | 9,218 |
| Syndicated loan | 0 | 138 | 138 |  |  |  |
| Commercial paper | 298 |  | 298 | 30 |  | 30 |
| Other loans and long-term debts | 149 | 177 | 325 | 276 | 167 | 443 |
| Other financial liabilities | 447 | 315 | 761 | 306 | 167 | 473 |
| GROSS FINANCIAL DEBT | 1,836 | 7,876 | 9,712 | 2,265 | 7,427 | 9,692 |
| Fair value hedge derivatives-assets | (14) | (57) | (72) |  | (29) | (29) |
| Fair value hedge derivatives - liabilities |  |  |  |  | 9 | 9 |
| Fair value hedge derivatives | (14) | (57) | (72) |  | (20) | (20) |
| Net investment hedge derivatives - liabilities | Net investment hedge derivatives -assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net investment hedge derivatives |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net asset hedging derivative instruments - assets <br> Net asset hedging derivative instruments - liabilities | 141 |  | 141 | 9 |  | 9 |
| Net asset hedging derivative instruments | 141 |  | 141 | 9 |  | 9 |
| Financial debt after hedging | 1,963 | 7,819 | 9,782 | 2,274 | 7,407 | 9,681 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | (524) |  | (524) | (728) |  | (728) |
| Net financial debt | 1,439 | 7,819 | 9,258 | 1,546 | 7,407 | 8,953 |

Pernod Ricard Change in Net Debt

| (€ millions) | 31/12/2015 | 31/12/2016 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating profit | 1,403 | 1,500 |
| Depreciation and amortisation | 107 | 106 |
| Net change in impairment of goodwill, PPE and intangible assets | 1 | 4 |
| Net change in provisions | (77) | (75) |
| Retreatment of contributions to pension plans acquired from Allied Domecq | 43 | 4 |
| Changes in fair value on commercial derivatives and biological assets | 4 | 1 |
| Net (gain)/loss on disposal of assets | (0) | (10) |
| Share-based payments | 15 | 20 |
| Self-financing capacity before interest and tax | 1,495 | 1,551 |
| Decrease / (increase) in working capital requirements | (455) | (385) |
| Net interest and tax payments | (391) | (363) |
| Net acquisitions of non financial assets and others | (159) | (145) |
| Free Cash Flow | 490 | 658 |
| of which recurring Free Cash Flow | 544 | 741 |
| Net disposal of financial assets and activities, contributions to pension plans acquired from Allied Domecq | (40) | (0) |
| Dividends paid | (483) | (501) |
| (Acquisition) / Disposal of treasury shares and others | (28) | (23) |
| Decrease / (increase) in net debt (before currency translation adjustments) | (60) | 134 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | (177) | (371) |
| Decrease / (increase) in net debt (after currency translation adjustments) | (237) | (237) |
| Initial net debt | $(9,021)$ | $(8,716)$ |
| Final net debt | $(9,258)$ | $(8,953)$ |

## Debt Maturity at 31 December 2016

$\square$ Cash $\square$ Other debts $\square$ Commercial paper $\square$ Bonds $\square$ Syndicated credit


Available cash at end December 2016: €0.7bn in cash and $€ 2.4$ bn in available credit facilities (syndicated credit coming to maturity in October 2018)

Gross Debt Hedging at 31 December 2016


Large part of Gross debt at fixed rates (81\%)
As of January 2017, the Gross Debt in USD has been reduced to $57 \%$ (vs. $62 \%$ in 31/12/16)

## Pernod Ricard Bond Details

| Currency | Par value | Coupon | Issue date | Maturity date |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EUR | € 1,000 m | 5.000\% | 15/03/2011 | 15/03/2017 |
|  | € 850 m | 2.000\% | 20/03/2014 | 22/06/2020 |
|  | $€ 650 \mathrm{~m}$ | 2.125\% | 29/09/2014 | 27/09/2024 |
|  | $€ 500 \mathrm{~m}$ | 1.875\% | 28/09/2015 | 28/09/2023 |
|  | $€ 600 \mathrm{~m}$ | 1.500\% | 17/05/2016 | 18/05/2026 |
| USD | \$ 1,000 m | 5.750\% | 07/04/2011 | 07/04/2021 |
|  | \$ 1,500 m | 4.450\% | 25/10/2011 | 15/01/2022 |
|  | \$ 2,500 m o/w: <br> $\$ 850 \mathrm{~m}$ at 5 years <br> $\$ 800 \mathrm{~m}$ at 10.5 years <br> $\$ 850 \mathrm{~m}$ at 30 years | $\begin{aligned} & 2.950 \% \\ & \text { 4.250\% } \\ & \text { 5.500\% } \end{aligned}$ | 12/01/2012 | $\begin{aligned} & 15 / 01 / 2017 \\ & 15 / 07 / 2022 \\ & 15 / 01 / 2042 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
|  | \$ 201 m | Libor 6m + spread | 26/01/2016 | 26/01/2021 |
|  | \$ 600 m | 3.250\% | 08/06/2016 | 08/06/2026 |

## Pernod Ricard <br> Number of shares used in diluted EPS calculation

| ( $\mathrm{x} 1,000$ ) | H1 16 | H1 17 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of shares in issue at end of period | 265,422 | 265,422 |  |
| Weighted average number of shares in issue (pro rata temporis) | 265,422 | 265,422 |  |
| Weighted average number of treasury shares (pro rata temporis) | 1,490 | 1,148 |  |
| Dilutive impact of stock options and performance shares | 1,698 | 1,166 |  |
| Number of shares used in diluted EPS calculation | 265,630 | 265,440 |  |
| (€ millions and €/share) | H1 16 | H1 17 | reported $\Delta$ |
| Group share of Net Profit from Recurring Operations | 909 | 957 | +5\% |
| Diluted net earnings per share from recurring operations | 3.42 | 3.61 | +5\% |

