## 2013/14 Half-Year Sales and Results

13 February 2014



All growth data specified in this presentation refers to organic growth, unless otherwise stated.

- Overall analysis
- Sales analysis
- Marketing initiatives \& innovation
- Profit from recurring operations
- Group share of net profit from recurring operations
- Net profit
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## Sales virtually stable and slight increase in PRO


$\checkmark$ Sales: organic growth virtually stable in HY1, reflecting an improvement in Q2 (+2\%) vs. Q1 (-1\%)
$\checkmark$ Sales mainly impacted by one market: China (-18\%); Asia-RoW excluding China $+2 \%$; very good performance in Europe (+4\%); return to growth in Americas (+3\%) following a strong Q2
$\checkmark$ Virtual stability of the Top 14 despite a mix effect of $-4 \%$ (decline of Martell in China); stable volumes; positive price effect. Growth in Q2
$\checkmark$ Good performance of key local brands (+4\%) despite the decline (primarily technical) of Imperial
$\checkmark$ Organic growth in Profit from Recurring Operations: +2\%
$\checkmark$ Improvement in operating margin, thanks to strict control of resources. The improvement in operational efficiency and the control of resources will remain priorities over the next few months
$\checkmark$ Highly unfavourable forex impact, as announced, which affected the reported growth in results and the net debt / EBITDA ratio
$\checkmark$ Debt reduced $€ \mathbf{- 1 0 2}$ million to $€ 8.6$ billion at end December

## Key figures



$$
\begin{aligned}
& € 4,570 \mathrm{~m} \\
& € 1,709 \mathrm{~m} \\
& € 1,862 \mathrm{~m}
\end{aligned}
$$

## 0\%

reported growth: -7\%

$$
+1 \%
$$

$$
-1 \%
$$

excluding China: $+7 \%$
0\%
reported growth: $-7 \%$
$+1 \%$
$-1 \%$
excluding China: $+7 \%$


> € 1,359 m
$+2 \%$
reported growth: -7\%

> organic growth
> +34 bps

## reported growth -3\%

excl. forex impact: $+6 \%$

# Continued improvement in operating margin rate despite stability of sales 

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## Evolution of HY1 Sales

Sales for the 6 months to 31 December 2013: -7\% (reported)


Organic growth: virtually stable
Limited group structure impact, primarily due to the disposal of certain Scandinavian and Spanish activities in 2012/13

Highly unfavourable forex impact primarily due to USD (average EUR/USD rate of 1.34 for HY1 2013/14 vs. 1.27 for HY1 2012/13), INR, AUD and JPY

## Evolution of Q2 Sales

Sales for the 3 months to 31 December 2013 (Q2): -5\% (reported)


Organic growth: +2\%, an improvement compared to Q1 (-1\%)
Limited group structure impact, primarily due to the disposal of certain Scandinavian and Spanish activities in 2012/13

Highly unfavourable forex impact primarily due to INR, USD, AUD and JPY

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## Organic sales growth by region

| Organic sales <br> growth by region | \% of <br> total <br> Sales $^{(1)}$ | FY <br> $\mathbf{2 0 1 2 / 1 3}$ | HY1 <br> 2013/14 | Comments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Asia-RoW | $38 \%$ | $+7 \%$ | $-4 \%$ | Decline attributable to China (-18\%) <br> Asia-RoW excluding China: $\mathbf{+ 2 \%}$ |
| Americas | $26 \%$ | $+7 \%$ | $+\mathbf{+ 3 \%}$ | Growth driven by the US |

## China: -18\% in HY1

- Unfavourable basis of comparison: +18\% in HY1 2012/13
- More difficult market conditions in HY1:
r Macro-economic slowdown
r Stricter measures against conspicuous consumption with further restrictions announced in Q2 2013/14; particularly impacting gifting and traditional KTV
r Slowdown in price increases and unfavourable quality mix
- Against this backdrop that was more challenging than anticipated:

г Top 14: unfavourable mix (-5\%), but pricing remained favourable (+3\%) despite a more competitive environment
г Martell depletions declined -7\% (vs. shipments -17\%), with continued market share gains. Good start for Martell Distinction
r Double-digit decline in Scotch depletions (stable market share); growth of Ballantine's Finest
r Good resilience of Absolut and Perrier-Jouët
r KTV and traditional Chinese restaurants were the most severely affected channels

China: outlook

- Timing and magnitude of the recovery still uncertain. Basis of comparison becomes more favourable in HY2
- Confidence in medium- and long-term growth potential:
r Rebasing of superior qualities largely due to measures impacting conspicuous consumption
r Low penetration to date (approx. 1\%) of imported spirits (cognac, Scotch whiskies, other categories)
r Dynamic demographics (in particular steady growth of MACs ${ }^{(1)}$ )
r Development of new categories (premium), new consumption opportunities and expansion of new channels
- Ideal position for Pernod Ricard to seize all growth opportunities:
r Solid leadership position
r Comprehensive portfolio (categories and price segments)
r Superior sales force


## India (+17\%)

- Local whiskies continued to post double-digit growth, driven particularly by Imperial Blue
- 100 Pipers leveraged its position as an entry-level Scotch whisky
- Strong double-digit growth for the Top 14 (driven by The Glenlivet, Chivas and Absolut) which increased its share in the portfolio


## Travel Retail

- Slight growth in HY1, penalised by weaker sales and high comparatives


## South Korea

- Decline of traditional on-trade, which continued to adversely affect depletions of Imperial; double-digit decline in shipments, compounded by distributors' pre-stocking ahead of the January 2013 price increase
- Continued growth of Absolut and The Glenlivet driven by a dynamic modern on-trade
- Comparatives becoming more favourable in HY2


## Thailand

- Sharp decline for the entire portfolio (particularly 100 Pipers) against a backdrop of political and economic instability, and within an increasingly unfavourable regulatory environment (increase in excise duty)
- Significant destocking by distributors, on Pernod Ricard's initiative
- Business model overhaul in progress


## Japan

- Continued growth driven by the Top 14 (particularly Chivas and Perrier-Jouët) and Café de Paris


## Oceania

- Very good performance driven by Priority Premium Wines in Australia and Mumm across all markets in the region


## Africa / Middle East

- Double-digit growth led by the excellent performance of Jameson, Ballantine's Finest and Passport (particularly in South Africa) and Martell's promising development (particularly in Travel Retail)


## Good sales growth in the United States (+5\%) driven by excellent price/mix

Market less buoyant than in 2012/13, but still driven by Premiumisation

Improved consumer confidence in Q2

Top 14 +5\%
Main growth driver
Price/mix +5\%

## Dynamism of most premium brands ${ }^{(1)}$,

but persistent difficulties for Absolut in a category that remains highly competitive

| Absolut -1\% | $\begin{gathered} \text { Jameson } \\ +20 \% \end{gathered}$ | Malibu $-1 \%$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Highly competitive vodka market; launch of marketing platform Transform Today; launch of Elyx | Remains the main growth driver | Growth of the core brand; challenging comparatives (Malibu Red); launch of Malibu Sparkler in HY2 |


| The Glenlivet <br> $+\mathbf{1 4 \%}$ |
| :---: |
| Strong volume |
| growth and price |
| increases in most |
| States in |
| September |
| (price: +6\%) |
|  |


| Chivas <br> $+2 \%$ |
| :---: |
| Continued growth |
|  |


| Perrier-Jouët <br> $+\mathbf{2 \%}$ |
| :---: |
| Performance <br> driven by <br> highly <br> favourable <br> pricing |

## Canada

- Sales stable despite inclement weather disrupting the holiday season
- Good performance of the Top 14, particularly The Glenlivet and Jameson


## Brazil

- Return to growth confirmed, driven by the Top 14 (+7\%)
- Very good underlying trends for Absolut (+12\% ${ }^{(1)}$ in a category $+8 \%^{(1)}$ ), Ballantine's and Chivas $\left(+22 \%^{(1)}\right.$ and $+23 \%{ }^{(1)}$ respectively in a category $\left.+7 \%{ }^{(1)}\right)$
- Slight decline of local brands


## Mexico

- Return to growth in Q2. Top 14 stable overall in HY1, in a market less dynamic than in 2012/13


## Travel Retail

- Difficult conditions (double-digit decline) due to certain distributors' destocking, commercial disputes and the weakening of certain South American currencies


## Venezuela

- Organic sales growth limited to $+1 \%$, against the backdrop of the voluntary setting of import quotas


## Western Europe (+2\%): return to growth

## France (+6\%)

- Performance partly due to favourable comparatives in Q1 (residual destocking and unfavourable weather in summer 2012)
- Good underlying trends in a stabilising market: Ricard (stable ${ }^{(1)}$ in an aniseed market $-3 \%{ }^{(1)}$ ), Absolut (+13\% ${ }^{(1)}$ ), Havana Club (+17\% ${ }^{(1)}$ )


## Spain (-7\%)

- Continued decline in sales, in line with the market (excise duty hike in July, persistent difficulties for all categories except gin);
- Leadership position maintained


## Germany (+12\%)

- Continued double-digit growth driven by the Top 14 (particularly Havana Club, Chivas and Absolut)


## Western Europe (+2\%): return to growth

## UK

- Slight increase in sales; good performance of the Top 14, but difficulties for Jacob's Creek in a wine market that remained highly sensitive to promotions


## Ireland

- Marginal decline in sales in a market that will be significantly impacted by the excise duty hike passed in October (adding approx. $€ 2$ to the RSP of a 70 cl bottle of Jameson)


## Italy

- Stabilisation of sales, partly aided by the excise duty hike on 1 January 2014


## Eastern Europe (+11\%): sustained growth

## Russia (+6\%)

- Slowdown in sales growth in a less dynamic market
- Performance driven by Jameson and Ballantine's, and local brands ArArAt and Becherovka


## Poland (+29\%)

- Strong growth, half of which was driven by the excise duty hike (+15\% on 1 January 2014) and half by the very strong performance of the portfolio as a whole and the recovery of local vodkas
- Ballantine's became leader in the Scotch category


## Ukraine

- Sales decline: market impacted by the difficult political and economic background
- Excise duty hike (+14\%) announced for 1 April 2014


## Czech Republic

- Return to growth
- Excellent performance of the Top 14 (double-digit growth) and improved underlying trend for Becherovka


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## Organic sales growth by category

| Categories | \% <br> sales | FY <br> 2012/13 | HY1 <br> 2013/14 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Top 14 Spirits \& Champagnes | $64 \%$ | $+5 \%$ | $-1 \%$ |
| Priority Premium Wines | $5 \%$ | $+2 \%$ | $+2 \%$ |
| 18 Key Local Brands | $17 \%$ | $+6 \%$ | $+4 \%$ |
| Other | $14 \%$ | $-2 \%$ | $0 \%$ |
| Total | $100 \%$ | $+4 \%$ | $0 \%$ |

Top 14: stable volumes, mix effect of $-4 \%$ (decline of Martell in China), price effect of $+3 \%$

Priority Premium Wines: growth driven by Brancott Estate and Campo Viejo 18 Key Local Brands: good overall performance

## Premium brands ${ }^{(1)}$ : 77\% of sales vs. 75\% in FY 2012/13



## Volumes Stable

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Sales } \\
-1 \%
\end{gathered}
$$

\% of Group sales: 64\%

Top 14: Virtual Stability

| TOP 14 <br> Spirits \& Champagnes ${ }^{(1)}$ | Organic sales growth | Volumes | Price/mix |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Absolut | 1\% | -3\% | 4\% |
| Chivas Regal | -4\% | -8\% | 4\% |
| Ballantine's | -4\% | 2\% | -6\% |
| Ricard | 9\% | 8\% | 1\% |
| Jameson | 16\% | 13\% | 3\% |
| Havana Club | 4\% | 2\% | 3\% |
| Malibu | -3\% | -4\% | 1\% |
| Beefeater | 3\% | 4\% | -1\% |
| Kahlúa | -1\% | -1\% | 0\% |
| Martell | -8\% | -8\% | -1\% |
| The Glenlivet | 10\% | 1\% | 9\% |
| Royal Salute | -11\% | -10\% | -1\% |
| Mumm | -1\% | -2\% | 1\% |
| Perrier-Jouët | 9\% | 0\% | 9\% |
| TOP 14 | -1\% | 0\% | -1\% |

## Top 14: Virtual Stability

## Virtual stability of the Top 14 in HY1

- Stable volumes despite the decline of Chivas and Martell (significant exposure to China)
- Unfavourable mix (-4\%) given the decline of Martell in China
- Favourable price effect (+3\%) thanks to strict pricing discipline: 13 brands posted a positive pricing, Mumm was stable (significant exposure to a very competitive French champagne market)


## Improved trend in Q2

- Sales of Top 14 +2\% vs. -5\% in Q1


## Top 14: Virtual Stability

## Significant trend reversal for Martell due to China

- Decline of -8\% on an unfavourable comparison (+23\% in HY1 2012/13)
- Deterioration of price/mix to -1\% (vs. +15\% in HY1 2012/13) given persistent difficulties for superior qualities in China and lower pricing power (from $+12 \%$ in HY1 2012/13 to $+4 \%$ in HY1 2013/14) due to the current market slowdown
- Chinese market still impacted by the macro-economic slowdown and measures against conspicuous consumption
- Good performance in HY1 of Martell outside China (+9\%), with a return to growth in Q2 in Taiwan and Vietnam, and acceleration in Malaysia and Travel Retail Asia


## Excellent performance of Jameson (+16\%)

- Leading contributor to Group growth
- Double-digit growth across all its major markets (US, Russia, South Africa, etc.)


## Growth of white spirits, with the exception of Malibu

- Absolut (+1\%): improved pricing
r Slight sales decline in the US in a highly competitive vodka market
r Growth acceleration in Europe
r Double-digit growth in Korea, China, India, South Africa, etc.
- Havana Club (+4\%)

г Continued strong growth driven by Germany and France

- Beefeater (+3\%)
r Solid growth across many markets
- Malibu (-3\%)
r Decline primarily due to unfavourable comparatives (launch of Malibu Red in 2012/13)


## Decline of Scotch whiskies in HY1 2013/14 (-4\%) less significant than in Q1 (-9\%)

- Chivas, Ballantine's and Royal Salute still in decline due to their exposure to Asia
- Good performance of Ballantine's Finest in many emerging markets: China, Russia, Poland, South America and Africa / Middle East
- The Glenlivet confirmed its strong performance, particularly in the US, South Africa, and India


## Ricard gained market share

- Stable performance ${ }^{(1)}$ in France in a category $-3 \%{ }^{(1)}$ which continued to suffer from the excise duty hike of 1 January 2012
- Sales growth of $+9 \%$, helped by favourable comparatives


## Return to growth for champagnes

- Sustained growth for Perrier-Jouët, particularly in China and Japan
- Mumm stabilised, benefiting from its excellent performance in Australia


Improved pricing
Growth driven by the excellent performance in Australia and the strong momentum of Brancott Estate and Campo Viejo


Very strong volume growth
Positive pricing (+4\%), but mix (-9\%) penalised by the significant decline (primarily technical) of Imperial in Korea (-21\%)

Continued momentum of Indian whiskies driven by Imperial Blue, now selling more than 10 million cases ${ }^{(1)}$

ArArAt and Passport reported doubledigit growth thanks to Russia and Africa

Strong growth of Wyborowa and Olmeca (launch of Altos in the US)

Marked decline of Imperial and 100 Pipers due to their strong exposure to challenging markets (South Korea and Thailand)

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## Revolutionising the sector: Gutenberg \& T-shirt OS Pernod Ricard

## Gutenberg

## Revolutionising cocktail culture

A designer library of 'container books' each holding a sealed bottle of spirits. Gutenberg is integrally connected to a service platform, redefining the 'bar at home' concept.


T-shirt OS
The world's first programmable T-shirt
Ballantine's, famous as an icon of personal expression, is reinventing the original canvas
of personal expression: the T-shirt
For the first time, the wearer can express who
he is, and what he Stays True.
Bringing to life 'Leave an Impression' in an
original and inspiring way.

Ballantine's

## Créateurs de convivialité

## Pernod Ricard

## Absolut



Absolut Lunch Break
Why eat lunch at your desk when you could spend your lunch break on the dance floor?
Absolut has teamed up with Flavorpill in 5 U.S. cities to offer its community of followers an hour of dancing, an Absolut cocktail and a take-away lunch in an Absolut-branded bag. This unique concept has been met with incredible enthusiasm and national media coverage

## Seizing new opportunities

## Pernod Ricard



## Connecting with consumers

## Pernod Ricard

## Malibu

## Malibu Island Spiced

Teaming up with Maroon 5 to inspire the Malibu state of mind


Adam Levine Spices Up the Maroon 5 \& Malibu Island Concert!


Adam Levine adds some extra spice to the stage for Maroon 5's Malibu Island Spiced Rock Concert held at Roseland Ballroom on Saturday (November 16) in New York City.

The 34 -year-old lead singer and The Voice coach was joined for a photo cal backstage by his bandmates Mickey Madden, James Valentine, Matt Flynn, and PJ Morton

PHOTOS: Check out the latest pics of Adam Levine

All summer, fans had to nominate thei hometowns on the Malibu Facebook page for a chance for the band to play a custom concert and New York City was the hin winner

## Chivas

## Made in your Honour App

Create a customised cocktail video for a friend based on his best qualities. The rich and engaging video is sharable across multiple social media platforms


## Absolut

## Drinks in Motion \& Absolut.com

3,500 video tutorials on youtube and absolutdrinks.com Renovation of Absolut's digital platform to unify global \& local brand stories, products, cocktails and collaborations.


## Year-end editions

## Pernod Ricard




Bottle designed by modern artist Guillaume Leblon

Ballantine's
Ballantine's Christmas Reserve



Kahlúa Peppermint Mocha

## Innovation in wine



## Jacob's Creek

Dead Bolt

## Jacob's Creek Lamoon

Crafted in collaboration with internationally renowned Thai Chef Ian Kittichai, Jacob's Creek Lamoon has been crafted to perfectly complement Thai cuisine. Jacob's Creek Lamoon is designed to increase brand relevance and recruit in on-premise in Thailand

## Dead Bolt White

A juicy blend led by Chardonnay and featuring Chenin Blanc, Dead Bolt White builds on the success of Dead Bolt Red, expanding Dead Bolt's relevance to a greater number of occasions and to a larger consumer base, particularly females

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## Summary income statement

| (€ millions) | HY1 | HY1 | $\Delta$ | Organic $\Delta$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales | $12 / 13$ | $13 / 14$ | $\Delta$ | $0 \%$ |
| Gross margin after logistics costs (GM) | 4,907 | 4,570 | $-7 \%$ | $+1 \%$ |
| GM / Sales | 3,096 | 2,909 | $-6 \%$ | +19 bps |
| Advertising \& promotion expenditure (A\&P) | $63.1 \%$ | $(888)$ | $(821)$ | $-8 \%$ |
| A\&P / Sales | $18.1 \%$ | $18.0 \%$ |  | $-2 \%$ |
| Contribution after A\&P expenditure (CAPE) | 2,208 | 2,088 | $-5 \%$ | -49 bps |
| CAPE / Sales | $45.0 \%$ | $45.7 \%$ |  | $+2 \%$ |
| Profit from recurring operations (PRO) | 1,459 | 1,359 | $-7 \%$ | +68 bps |
| PRO / Sales | $29.7 \%$ | $29.7 \%$ |  | $+2 \%$ |

## Continued increase in operating margin rate

| Sales |
| :---: |
| PRO |

Increase in operating margin rate

Stable, with an improvement in Q2
Growth exceeding that of sales
thanks to strict control of advertising and promotion expenditure and of structure costs

Increase of +34 bps
driven by continued Premiumisation and control of resources

## Evolution in PRO



Organic growth of PRO: +2\%
Limited Group structure effect, primarily due to the disposal of certain Scandinavian activities in 2012/13

Highly unfavourable forex impact, primarily due to the following currencies: USD \& CNY (€ -43 m), INR ( $€-22 \mathrm{~m}$ ), JPY ( $€-12 \mathrm{~m}$ ), RUB ( $€-11 \mathrm{~m}$ ), VEF ( $€-11 \mathrm{~m}$ )

Over the 2013/14 full financial year, forex impact on profit from recurring operations is estimated ${ }^{(1)}$ at approximately $€(170)$ million

## Gross margin after logistics costs

| (€ millions) | HY1 | $\Delta$ <br> excluding Group <br> structure and forex | HY1 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $12 / 13$ |  |  |

## Improvement in gross margin

- Sustained premiumisation
- Favourable pricing (+3\% for the Top 14): numerous price increases and strict pricing discipline
- Gross margin rate barely impacted by the decline of Martell
- Control of input costs: increase of less than $+2 \%$, excluding mix effects


## Advertising and promotion expenditure

| (€ millions) | HY1 | $\Delta$ <br> excluding Group <br> structure and forex | HY1 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $12 / 13$ |  |  | | $13 / 14$ |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Advertising and promotion expenditure | $(888)$ | $-2 \%$ | $(821)$ |
| A\&P / Sales | $18.1 \%$ | -49 bps | $18.0 \%$ |

Virtual stability of the A\&P / Sales ratio to approximately 18\%

- Adjustment of resources in a targeted manner, based on competitive intensity and by leveraging the Group's critical mass in certain markets


## Structure costs

$\left.\begin{array}{ccc}\text { HY1 } & \begin{array}{c}\Delta \\ \text { excluding Group }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { HY1 } \\ \text { 12/13 }\end{array} \\ \text { structure and forex }\end{array}\right)$

## Good control of structure costs

- Growth limited to +3\%, below the normalised rate, estimated at 4-5\% per year


# Improvement in operational efficiency and control of resources will remain priorities over the next few months 

Launch of Allegro: project aimed at delivering

## Aim: to improve organisational efficiency...

- in order to generate future growth and seize new opportunities (particularly innovation and digital)
- in order to increase the speed of execution


## ... by relying our decentralised model

- structured around the direct relationship between Brand Companies and Market Companies


## $€ 150$ million of annual savings over three years

- mainly overheads
- partly reinvested to support brand development


## Profit from recurring operations

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ( $€$ millions) | HY1 | $\Delta$ <br> excluding Group <br> structure and <br> forex | HY1 |
|  | $12 / 13$ | $+2 \%$ | $13 / 14$ |
| Profit from recurring operations | 1,459 | +34 bps | $29.7 \%$ |
| $P R O /$ Sales | $29.7 \%$ |  |  |

## Improvement in the operating margin rate

- Ongoing premiumisation strategy, increasing the gross margin rate
- Strict control of resources (A\&P expenditure and structure costs)


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## Asia - Rest of the World

| (€ millions) | $\begin{gathered} \text { HY1 } \\ 12 / 13 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { HY1 } \\ 13 / 14 \end{gathered}$ | $\Delta$ | Organic $\triangle$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales ${ }^{(1)}$ | 2,005 | 1,749 | -13\% | -4\% |
| Gross margin after logistics costs (GM) GM / Sales | $\begin{gathered} 1,262 \\ 62.9 \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,089 \\ 62.3 \% \end{gathered}$ | -14\% | -5\% |
| Advertising \& promotion expenditure (A\&P) <br> A\&P / Sales | $\begin{gathered} (359) \\ 17.9 \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} (298) \\ 17.1 \% \end{gathered}$ | -17\% | -11\% |
| Contribution after A\&P expenditure (CAPE) CAPE / Sales | $\begin{gathered} 903 \\ 45.0 \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 791 \\ 45.2 \% \end{gathered}$ | -12\% | -3\% |
| Profit from recurring operations ${ }^{(2)}$ (PRO) <br> PRO / Sales | 674 $33.6 \%$ | $\begin{gathered} 584 \\ 33.4 \% \end{gathered}$ | -13\% | -4\% |

Decline of PRO in line with that of sales

- Highly unfavourable PRO comparatives (+19\% in HY1 2012/13)
- Gross margin slightly penalised by brand/market mix
- Targeted adjustment of resources, based on the intensity of competition and by leveraging the Group's critical mass in certain markets


## Americas

| (€ millions) | $\begin{gathered} \text { HY1 } \\ 12 / 13 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { HY1 } \\ 13 / 14 \end{gathered}$ | $\Delta$ | Organic $\Delta$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales | 1,282 | 1,209 | -6\% | +3\% |
| Gross margin after logistics costs (GM) GM / Sales | $\begin{gathered} 831 \\ 64.8 \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 794 \\ 65.7 \% \end{gathered}$ | -4\% | +5\% |
| Advertising \& promotion expenditure (A\&P) <br> A\&P / Sales | (243) 18.9\% | (231) 19.1\% | -5\% | +2\% |
| Contribution after A\&P expenditure (CAPE) CAPE / Sales | 589 $45.9 \%$ | 563 $46.6 \%$ | -4\% | +6\% |
| Profit from recurring operations ${ }^{(1)}$ (PRO) PRO / Sales | 378 $29.5 \%$ | $\begin{gathered} 356 \\ 29.4 \% \end{gathered}$ | -6\% | +5\% |

Sales growth driven by the US

Good increase in gross margin bolstered by positive mix (Top 14)
Increase in PRO outpaced sales growth thanks to Premiumisation and strict control of resources

## Europe

| ( $€$ millions) | HY1 | HY1 | Organic $\Delta$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales | $12 / 13$ | $13 / 14$ |  | $+4 \%$ |
| Gross margin after logistics costs (GM) | 1,619 | 1,612 | $0 \%$ | $+4 \%$ |
| GM/Sales | 1,003 | 1,025 | $+2 \%$ | $+5 \%$ |
| Advertising \& promotion expenditure (A\&P) | $61.9 \%$ | $63.6 \%$ |  |  |
| A\&P/Sales | $17.7 \%$ | $1892)$ | $+2 \%$ | $+4 \%$ |
| Contribution after A\&P expenditure (CAPE) | 716 | 734 | $+2 \%$ | $+5 \%$ |
| CAPE /Sales | $44.2 \%$ | $45.5 \%$ |  |  |
| Profit from recurring operations ${ }^{(1)}$ (PRO) | 407 | 419 | $+3 \%$ | $+7 \%$ |
| PRO/Sales | $25.1 \%$ | $26.0 \%$ |  |  |

## Excellent increase in PRO: +7\%

- Double-digit sales growth in Eastern Europe and improved trend in Western Europe
- Improvement in gross margin rate thanks to a strengthened Top 14
- Advertising and promotion expenditure targeted in Eastern Europe (+14\%)
- Structure costs stable in Western Europe and growing more slowly than sales in Eastern Europe


## Significant increase in operating margin rate (+75 bps)

## Analysis by geographic region

## HY1 2012/13 ${ }^{(1)}$

## HY1 2013/14 ${ }^{(1)}$



Healthy geographic distribution of the business enabling Pernod Ricard to seize all growth opportunities

## Analysis by market type

## HY1 2012/13

## HY1 2013/14




■ Emerging markets ${ }^{(1)}$


Mature markets

Improved trends in mature markets which posted growth in PRO of +2\%

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## Financial income (expense) from recurring operations

| (€ millions) | $\begin{gathered} \text { HY1 } \\ 12 / 13 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { HY1 } \\ & 13 / 14 \end{aligned}$ | $\Delta$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial income (expense) from recurring operations ${ }^{(1)}$ | (280) | (227) | 53 |
| Cost of debt | 5.4\% | 4.6\% |  |

Significant reduction in the cost of debt, as announced

Cost of debt for the full 2013/14 financial year estimated close to that of HY1

## Change in Net Debt

(€ millions)

441
(281)
(332)


## $€-102$ million reduction in net debt

- Favourable translation impact of $€ 281$ m (EUR/USD rate of 1.38 at $31 / 12 / 2013$ vs. 1.31 at $30 / 06 / 2013$ )
- Cash flow generation before translation adjustment impacted by business seasonality and the payment in HY1 of the entire annual dividend


## Cash flow statement (1/2)

| ( $£$ millions) | $\begin{gathered} \text { HY1 } \\ 12 / 13 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { HY1 } \\ 13 / 14 \end{gathered}$ | $\Delta$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit from recurring operations | 1,459 | 1,359 | (100) |
| Amortisation, depreciation and provision movements and other | 86 | 90 | 5 |
| Self-financing capacity from recurring operations | 1,544 | 1,450 | (94) |
| Decrease/(increase) in strategic stocks ${ }^{(1)}$ | (15) | (37) | (22) |
| Decrease/(increase) in operating WCR | (552) | (500) | 52 |
| Decrease/(increase) in recurring WCR | (568) | (537) | 30 |
| Non-financial capital expenditure | (105) | (140) | (35) |
| Financial income (expense) and taxes | (434) | (414) | 19 |
| Free Cash Flow from recurring operations | 438 | 358 | (80) |
| Non-recurring items | (22) | (26) | (4) |
| Free Cash Flow | 416 | 332 | (84) |

Decline in free cash flow primarily attributable to the negative forex impact ${ }^{(2)}$

## Cash flow statement (2/2)

## Free Cash Flow of $€ \mathbf{3 3 2} \mathbf{~ m}$, impacted by forex effects

Self-financing capacity

Investments and strategic inventories

## Operating WCR

## Other items

$\checkmark$ After restatement for forex and group structure impacts ( $€-126 m^{(1)}$ ), increase of $€ 32 \mathrm{~m}$ in FCF (+2\%), in line with organic growth of profit from recurring operations
$\checkmark$ Technical increase in capital expenditure of $€ 35 \mathrm{~m}$ (phasing of cash payments). Investments expected to be virtually stable at end June 2013/14
$\checkmark$ Controlled increase in strategic inventories: $+€ 22$ m vs. HY1 2012/13 (long-term strategy for whiskies, cognac and champagne)
$\checkmark$ Good control of operating WCR:

- € 500 m increase in HY1 2013/14 (business seasonality effect), € 52 m lower than the increase noted last year
- WCR ${ }^{(2)}$ at 28 days of sales, a 1 day improvement vs. end December 2012
$\checkmark$ Favourable change in other items: $€ 15 \mathrm{~m}$ improvement
- Significant decline in financial expenses (average cost of debt from 5.4\% to $4.6 \%$ ) which offset the increase in cash tax
- Stability of non-recurring items


## Change in Net Debt / EBITDA ratio

|  | Closing rate | Average rate |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| EUR/USD rate: $12 / 13 \rightarrow 13 / 14$ | $1.31 \rightarrow 1.38$ | $1.29 \rightarrow 1.34$ |
| Ratio at $\mathbf{3 0} / \mathbf{0 6 / 2 0 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{3 . 5}$ |
| EBITDA \& cash generation <br> excluding group structure and <br> forex impacts | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Group structure and forex <br> impacts | 0.1 | $\mathbf{0 . 1}$ |
| Ratio at $\mathbf{3 1 / 1 2 / 2 0 1 3}$ |  |  |

## Increase in ratio at end December 2013

- Slight organic growth in EBITDA (+2\%)
- Impact of business seasonality on cash generation (dividend payment and WCR higher at end December than at end June)
- Weakening of certain emerging currencies


## Corporate income tax

| (€ millions) | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { HY1 } \\ 12 / 13 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { HY1 } \\ 13 / 14 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Corporate income tax on recurring operations ${ }^{(1)}$ | (317) | (295) |
| Rate | 26.8\% | 26.1\% |

Decrease in the effective income tax rate on recurring items to $\mathbf{2 6 . 1 \%}$, in line with our forecasts

## Group share of net profit from recurring operations

|  | HY1 | HY1 | Reported |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (€ millions) | $\mathbf{1 2 / 1 3 ^ { ( 1 ) }}$ | $\mathbf{1 3 / 1 4}$ | $\Delta$ |
| Profit from recurring operations | 1,459 | 1,359 | $-\mathbf{7 \%}$ |
| Financial income (expense) from recurring <br> operations | $(280)$ | $(227)$ | $-19 \%$ |
| Income tax on recurring operations | $(317)$ | $(295)$ | $-7 \%$ |
| Minority interests and other | $(11)$ | $(11)$ | $-0 \%$ |
| Group share of net profit from recurring <br> operations | $\mathbf{8 5 2}$ | $\mathbf{8 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{- 3 \%}$ |

Decline in net profit from recurring operations of -3\%, below the reported decline in PRO, thanks to:

- strong reduction in financial expenses
- slight reduction in the tax rate on recurring operations

Excluding forex impact, growth in net profit from recurring operations is $\mathbf{+ 6 \%}$

- Overall analysis
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| (€ millions) | $\begin{gathered} \text { HY1 } \\ 13 / 14 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Restructuring costs | (6) |
| Other non-recurring income and expenses | (14) |
| Other operating income and expenses | (20) |
| Net non-recurring financial income and expenses | 2 |
| Non-recurring financial items | 2 |
| Income tax on non-recurring items | 20 |
| Corporate income tax on non-recurring items | 20 |

## Group share of net profit

| ( $€$ millions) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { HY1 } \\ & 12 / 13^{(1)} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { HY1 } \\ 13 / 14 \end{gathered}$ | Reported <br> $\Delta$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit from recurring operations | 1,459 | 1,359 | -7\% |
| Other operating income and expenses | (95) | (20) |  |
| Operating profit | 1,364 | 1,339 | -2\% |
| Financial income (expense) from recurring operations | (280) | (227) |  |
| Non-recurring financial items | (0) | 2 |  |
| Corporate income tax | (227) | (275) |  |
| Minority interests and other | (11) | (11) |  |
| Group share of net profit | 846 | 828 | -2\% |

Contents

- Overall analysis
- Sales analysis
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## Conclusion

## Good organic growth

- in most major mature markets: US, France, Germany, etc.
- in major emerging markets (except China): India, Eastern Europe, Brazil and Africa


## HY1 negatively impacted by

- a more challenging situation in China
- highly unfavourable exchange rate evolutions


## Against this backdrop, <br> Pernod Ricard improved its operational and financial leverage thanks to strict control of resources and a significant reduction in financial expenses

Difficulties in China to persist for the full financial year,
which in no way impairs medium and long-term growth potential

Priority to future sales growth through a sound commercial policy and an appropriate level of investment

# New guidance for FY 2013/14 <br> Organic growth in Profit from Recurring Operations <br> between +1\% and +3\% 

## DATE

Thursday 27 March 2014

Thursday 24 April 2014

Thursday 26 June 2014

Thursday 28 August 2014

## EVENT

Asia conference call

Q3 2013/14 sales

EMEA conference call

FY 2013/14 sales and results

## Contents

- Overall analysis
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| Asia-Rest of World |  | Americas | Europe |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Algeria | Malaysia | Argentina | Albania |
| Angola | Morocco | Bolivia | Armenia |
| Cambodia | Mozambique | Brazil | Azerbaijan |
| Cameroon | Namibia | Caribbean | Belarus |
| China | Nigeria | Chile | Bosnia |
| Congo | Persian Gulf | Colombia | Bulgaria |
| Egypt | Philippines | Costa Rica | Croatia |
| Ethiopia | Senegal | Cuba | Georgia |
| Gabon | South Africa | Dominican Republic | Hungary |
| Ghana | Sri Lanka | Ecuador | Kazakhstan |
| India | Syria | Guatemala | Kosovo |
| Indonesia | Tanzania | Honduras | Latvia |
| Iraq | Thailand | Mexico | Lithuania |
| Ivory Coast | Tunisia | Panama | Macedonia |
| Jordan | Turkey | Paraguay | Moldova |
| Kenya | Uganda | Peru | Montenegro |
| Laos | Vietnam | Puerto Rico | Poland |
| Lebanon | Zambia | Uruguay | Romania |
| Madagascar |  | Venezuela | Russia |
|  |  |  | Serbia |
|  |  |  | Ukraine |

## Strategic Brands' Organic Growth

| Top 14 | Net Sales* | Volumes | Price/mix |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Absolut | 1\% | -3\% | 4\% |
| Chivas Regal | -4\% | -8\% | 4\% |
| Ballantine's | -4\% | 2\% | -6\% |
| Ricard | 9\% | 8\% | 1\% |
| Jameson | 16\% | 13\% | 3\% |
| Havana Club | 4\% | 2\% | 3\% |
| Malibu | -3\% | -4\% | 1\% |
| Beefeater | 3\% | 4\% | -1\% |
| Kahlua | -1\% | -1\% | 0\% |
| Martell | -8\% | -8\% | -1\% |
| The Glenlivet | 10\% | 1\% | 9\% |
| Royal Salute | -11\% | -10\% | -1\% |
| Mumm | -1\% | -2\% | 1\% |
| Perrier-Jouët | 9\% | 0\% | 9\% |
| Top 14 | -1\% | 0\% | -1\% |

[^0]New operating segments ${ }^{(1)}$

| Net Sales (€ millions) | Q1 2012/13 |  | Q1 2013/14 |  | Change |  | Organic Growth |  | Group Structure |  | Forex impact |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Europe | 674 | 30.6\% | 666 | $33.1 \%$ | (7) | -1\% | 21 | $3 \%$ | (15) | -2\% | (13) | -2\% |
| Americas | 579 | 26.3\% | 532 | 26.4\% | (47) | -8\% | 2 | 0\% | (1) | 0\% | (48) | -8\% |
| Asia / Rest of the World | 951 | 43.2\% | 814 | 40.5\% | (137) | -14\% | (55) | -6\% | (7) | -1\% | (74) | -8\% |
| World | 2,203 | 100.0\% | 2,013 | 100.0\% | (191) | -9\% | (32) | -1\% | (22) | -1\% | (136) | -6\% |


| Net Sales <br> (€ millions) |
| :---: |

Q2 2012/13

Forex impact

| $(19)$ | $-2 \%$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $(63)$ | $-9 \%$ |
| $(87)$ | $-8 \%$ |
| $\mathbf{( 1 7 0 )}$ | $\mathbf{- 6 \%}$ |


| Net Sales (€ millions) | HY1 2012/13 |  | HY1 2013/14 |  | Change |  | Organic Growth |  | Group Structure |  | Forex impact |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Europe | 1,619 | 33.0\% | 1,612 | 35.3\% | (7) | 0\% | 59 |  | (33) | -2\% | (33) | -2\% |
| Americas | 1,282 | 26.1\% | 1,209 | 26.5\% | (73) | -6\% | 41 | 3\% | (2) | 0\% | (112) | -9\% |
| Asia / Rest of the World | 2,005 | 40.9\% | 1,749 | 38.3\% | (256) | -13\% | (82) | -4\% | (12) | -1\% | (162) | -8\% |
| World | 4,907 | 100.0\% | 4,570 | 100.0\% | (336) | -7\% | 18 | 0\% | (48) | -1\% | (306) | -6\% |

## Sales Analysis by Period and Region

## Former operating segments

|  | Net Sales <br> ( $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$ millions) |
| :--- | :--- |
| France |  |
| Europe excl. France |  |
| Americas |  |
| Asia / Rest of World |  |
| World |  |

Q1 2012/13

| Change |  | Organic Growth |  | Group Structure |  | Forex impact |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 | 5\% | 7 |  |  |  | 0 | 0\% |
| (14) |  | 13 |  | (14) |  | (13) | -3\% |
| (47) |  | 2 |  | (1) |  | (48) | -8\% |
| (137) | -14\% | (55) | -6\% | (7) | -1\% | (74) | -8\% |
| (191) | -9\% | (32) | -1\% | (22) | -1\% | (136) | -6\% |




| Change |  | Organic Growth |  | Group Structure |  | Forex impact |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 7\% |  |  | (1) |  | 0 | 0\% |
| (16) |  |  |  | (18) |  | (19) | -3\% |
| (26) |  |  |  | (1) |  | (63) | -9\% |
| (120) | -11\% | (27) | -3\% | (5) | -1\% | (87) | -8\% |
| (145) | -5\% | 50 | 2\% | (25) | -1\% | (170) | -6\% |


| Net Sales <br> ( $\boldsymbol{E}$ millions) |
| :--- | :--- |
| France |
| Europe excl. France |
| Americas |
| Asia / Rest of World |
| World |


| HY1 2012/13 |  | HY1 2013/14 |  | Change |  | Organic Growth |  | Group Structure |  | Forex impact |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 374 | 7.6\% | 397 | 8.7\% | 23 | 6\% | 24 | 6\% | (1) |  | 0 | 0\% |
| 1,245 | 25.4\% | 1,215 | 26.6\% | (30) |  | 35 |  | (32) |  | (33) | -3\% |
| 1,282 | 26.1\% | 1,209 | 26.5\% | (73) |  | 41 |  | (2) |  | (112) | -9\% |
| 2,005 | 40.9\% | 1,749 | 38.3\% | (256) | -13\% | (82) | -4\% | (12) | -1\% | (162) | -8\% |
| 4,907 | 100.0\% | 4,570 | 100.0\% | (336) | -7\% | 18 | 0\% | (48) | -1\% | (306) | -6\% |

## Summary Consolidated Income Statement

| ( $\boldsymbol{E}$ millions) | $\mathbf{3 1 / 1 2 / 2 0 1 2 ( * )}$ | $\mathbf{3 1 / 1 2 / 2 0 1 3}$ | Change |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Net sales | $\mathbf{4 , 9 0 7}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 5 7 0}$ | $\mathbf{- 7 \%}$ |
| Gross Margin after logistics costs | $\mathbf{3 , 0 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 9 0 9}$ | $\mathbf{- 6 \%}$ |
| A\&P expenditure | $(888)$ | $(821)$ | $-8 \%$ |
| Contribution after A\&P expenditure | $\mathbf{2 , 2 0 8}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 0 8 8}$ | $\mathbf{- 5 \%}$ |
| Structure costs | $(749)$ | $(729)$ | $-3 \%$ |
| Profit from recurring operations | $\mathbf{1 , 4 5 9}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 5 9}$ | $\mathbf{- 7 \%}$ |
| Financial income/(expense) from recurring operations | $(280)$ | $(227)$ | $-19 \%$ |
| Corporate income tax on items from recurring operations | $(317)$ | $(295)$ | $\mathbf{- 7 \%}$ |
| Net profit from discontinued operations, non-controlling interests | $(11)$ | $(11)$ | $0 \%$ |
| and share of net income from associates | $\mathbf{8 5 2}$ | $\mathbf{8 2 6}$ | $\mathbf{- 3 \%}$ |
| Group share of net profit from recurring operations | $(95)$ | $(20)$ | NA |
| Other operating income \& expenses | $(0)$ | 2 | NA |
| Non-recurring financial items | 89 | 20 | NA |
| Corporate income tax on items from non recurring operations | $\mathbf{8 4 6}$ | $\mathbf{8 2 8}$ | $\mathbf{- 2 \%}$ |
| Group share of net profit | 11 | 11 | $-1 \%$ |
| Non-controlling interests | $\mathbf{8 5 7}$ | $\mathbf{8 3 9}$ | $\mathbf{- 2 \%}$ |
| Net profit |  |  |  |

(*) Data published with respect to fiscal year 2012/2013 has been adjusted following the application of amended IAS 19 (Employee Benefits), adopted in the European Union and whose application is mandatory for the Group from 1 July 2013 with retrospective effect as from 1 July 2012

## Amended IAS 19: P\&L reconciliation

| (€ millions) | $\begin{gathered} \text { HY1 } \\ 12 / 13 \end{gathered}$ <br> reported | Restatements IAS 19 | $\begin{gathered} \text { HY1 } \\ 12 / 13 \\ \text { restated } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit from recurring operations | 1,459 | 0 | 1,459 |
| Other operating income \& expenses | (101) | 6 | (95) |
| Operating profit | 1,358 | 6 | 1,364 |
| Financial income (expense) from recurring operations | (272) | (8) | (280) |
| Non-recurring financial items | (0) | - | (0) |
| Corporate income tax | (228) | $1^{(1)}$ | (227) |
| Minority interests and other | (11) | 0 | (11) |
| Group share of net profit | 847 | (1) | 846 |

## Profit from Recurring Operations by Region (1/3)

World

| (€ millions) | HY1 2012/13 | HY1 2013/14 | Change | Organic Growth | Group Structure | Forex impact |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales (Excl. T\&D) | 4,907 100.0\% | 4,570 100.0\% | (336) -7\% | 18 0\% | (48) $-1 \%$ | (306) -6\% |
| Gross margin after logistics costs | 3,096 63.1\% | 2,909 63.6\% | (188) -6\% | 21 1\% | (12) $0 \%$ | (197) -6\% |
| Advertising \& promotion | (888) $18.1 \%$ | (821) 18.0\% | $67-8 \%$ | $21-2 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $45-5 \%$ |
| Contribution after A\&P | 2,208 45.0\% | 2,088 45.7\% | (120) -5\% | 42 2\% | (10) 0\% | (152) -7\% |
| Profit from recurring operations | 1,459 29.7\% | 1,359 29.7\% | (100) -7\% | 22 2\% | (10) -1\% | (112) -8\% |
| Asia / Rest of the World |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (€ millions) | HY1 2012/13 | HY1 2013/14 | Change | Organic Growth | Group Structure | Forex impact |
| Net sales (Excl. T\&D) | 2,005 100.0\% | 1,749 100.0\% | (256) -13\% | (82) $-4 \%$ | (12) -1\% | (162) -8\% |
| Gross margin after logistics costs | 1,262 62.9\% | 1,089 62.3\% | (173) -14\% | (63) $-5 \%$ | 0 0\% | (110) -9\% |
| Advertising \& promotion | (359) 17.9\% | (298) 17.1\% | $61-17 \%$ | $39-11 \%$ | 0 0\% | $22-6 \%$ |
| Contribution after A\&P | 903 45.0\% | 791 45.2\% | (112) -12\% | (25) -3\% | 0 0\% | (88) -10\% |
| Profit from recurring operations | 674 33.6\% | 584 33.4\% | (90) -13\% | (24) -4\% | $10 \%$ | (67) -10\% |

## Profit from Recurring Operations by Region (2/3)

## New operating segments ${ }^{(1)}$

Americas

| (€ millions) | HY1 2012/13 | HY1 2013/14 | Change | Organic Growth | Group Structure | Forex impact |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales (Excl. T\&D) | 1,282 100.0\% | 1,209 100.0\% | (73) -6\% | 41 3\% | (2) $0 \%$ | (112) -9\% |
| Gross margin after logistics costs | 831 64.8\% | 794 65.7\% | (37) $-4 \%$ | 39 5\% | (1) $0 \%$ | (75) -9\% |
| Advertising \& promotion | (243) 18.9\% | (231) $19.1 \%$ | $12-5 \%$ | (6) $2 \%$ | 0 0\% | $17-7 \%$ |
| Contribution after A\&P | 589 45.9\% | 563 46.6\% | (25) $-4 \%$ | 33 6\% | (1) $0 \%$ | (58) -10\% |
| Profit from recurring operations | 378 29.5\% | 356 29.4\% | (22) -6\% | 19 5\% | (1) $0 \%$ | (40) -10\% |

## Europe

| (€ millions) | HY1 2012/13 | HY1 2013/14 | Change | Organic Growth | Group Structure | Forex impact |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales (Excl. T\&D) | 1,619 100.0\% | 1,612 100.0\% | (7) $0 \%$ | 59 4\% | (33) -2\% | (33) -2\% |
| Gross margin after logistics costs | 1,003 61.9\% | 1,025 63.6\% | 23 2\% | 45 5\% | (11) -1\% | (11) $-1 \%$ |
| Advertising \& promotion | (286) 17.7\% | (292) 18.1\% | (5) $2 \%$ | (12) 4\% | - 0 | $5-2 \%$ |
| Contribution after A\&P | 716 44.2\% | 734 45.5\% | 17 2\% | 33 5\% | (10) -1\% | (6) $-1 \%$ |
| Profit from recurring operations | 407 25.1\% | 419 26.0\% | 12 3\% | 27 7\% | (10) -2\% | (5) -1\% |

## Profit from Recurring Operations by Region (3/3)

## Former operating segments

Europe excluding France

| (€ millions) | HY1 2012/13 | HY1 2013/14 | Change | Organic Growth | Group Structure | Forex impact |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales (Excl. T\&D) | 1,245 100.0\% | 1,215 100.0\% | (30) -2\% | 35 3\% | (32) -3\% | (33) -3\% |
| Gross margin after logistics costs | 744 59.7\% | 743 61.1\% | (1) $0 \%$ | 27 4\% | (11) -1\% | (16) -2\% |
| Advertising \& promotion | (193) $15.5 \%$ | (191) 15.7\% | $2-1 \%$ | (4) $2 \%$ | -1\% | $5-3 \%$ |
| Contribution after A\&P | $551 \quad 44.2 \%$ | 552 45.4\% | 0\% | 22 4\% | (10) -2\% | (11) -2\% |
| Profit from recurring operations | 326 26.2\% | 320 26.3\% | (6) -2\% | 12 4\% | (10) -3\% | (9) -3\% |

## France

| (€ millions) | HY1 2012/13 | HY1 2013/14 | Change | Organic Growth | Group Structure | Forex impact |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales (Excl. T\&D) | 374 100.0\% | 397 100.0\% | 23 6\% | 24 6\% | (1) $0 \%$ | 0 0\% |
| Gross margin after logistics costs | 259 69.4\% | 283 71.2\% | 23 9\% | 18 7\% | 0 0\% | $5 \quad 2 \%$ |
| Advertising \& promotion | (93) $25.0 \%$ | (101) 25.4\% | (7) 8\% | (7) $8 \%$ | 0 0\% | 0 0\% |
| Contribution after A\&P | 166 44.4\% | 182 45.8\% | 16 10\% | 11 6\% | 0 0\% | 5 3\% |
| Profit from recurring operations | 80 21.5\% | 99 25.0\% | 19 23\% | 15 18\% | 0 0\% | 3 4\% |

## Foreign Exchange Effect

| Forex impact HY1 2013/14 <br> (€ millions) |  | Average rates evolution2012/13 2013/14 |  |  | On Net Sales | On Profit from Recurring Operations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| US dollar | USD | 1.27 | 1.34 | 5.4\% | (54) | (35) |
| Indian rupee | INR | 69.63 | 83.44 | 19.8\% | (55) | (22) |
| Japanese yen | JPY | 101.88 | 133.85 | 31.4\% | (21) | (12) |
| Russian rouble | RUB | 40.15 | 43.89 | 9.3\% | (15) | (11) |
| Venezuelan bolivar | VEF | 10.83 | 16.79 | 54.9\% | (16) | (11) |
| Chinese yuan | CNY | 8.03 | 8.20 | 2.2\% | (11) | (8) |
| Currency translation variance / FX hedging |  |  |  |  |  | (3) |
| Other currencies |  |  |  |  | (134) | (10) |
| Total |  |  |  |  | (306) | (112) |

## Sensitivity of profit and debt to the EUR/USD exchange rate

## Estimated impact of a $\mathbf{1 \%}$ strengthening of the USD and linked currencies ${ }^{(1)}$

| Impact on the income statement ${ }^{(2)}$ | € m |
| :---: | :---: |
| Profit from recurring operations | +17 |
| Financial expenses | (1) |
| Pre-tax profit from recurring operations | +16 |

Impact on the balance sheet
€ $m$

| Increase/(decrease) |
| :--- | :--- |
| in net debt |$+46$

## Group Structure Effect



## Balance Sheet (1/2)

| Assets (€ millions) | 30/06/2013 (*) | 31/12/2013 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (Net book value) |  |  |
| Non-current assets |  |  |
| Intangible assets and goodwill | 16,753 | 16,291 |
| Tangible assets and other assets | 2,506 | 2,605 |
| Deferred tax assets | 1,771 | 1,729 |
| Total non-current assets | 21,030 | 20,625 |
| Current assets |  |  |
| Inventories | 4,484 | 4,568 |
| of which aged work-in-progress | 3,617 | 3,706 |
| of which non-aged work-in-progress | 69 | 65 |
| Receivables (**) | 1,159 | 1,695 |
| Trade receivables | 1,090 | 1,624 |
| Other trade receivables | 69 | 71 |
| Other current assets | 209 | 198 |
| Other current assets | 203 | 192 |
| Tangible/intangible current assets | 6 | 6 |
| Tax receivable | 27 | 39 |
| Cash and cash equivalents and current derivatives | 620 | 688 |
| Total current assets | 6,499 | 7,188 |
| Assets held for sale | 8 | 4 |
| Total assets | 27,537 | 27,817 |
| $(* *)$ after disposals of receivables of: | 505 | 684 |

(*) Data published with respect to fiscal year 2012/2013 has been adjusted following the application of amended IAS 19 (Employee Benefits), adopted in the European Union and whose application is mandatory for the Group from 1 July 2013 with retrospective effect as from 1 July 2012

| Liabilities and shareholders' equity <br> ( $\boldsymbol{E}$ millions) | 30/06/2013 (*) | 31/12/2013 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Group Shareholders' equity | 11,014 | 11,467 |
| Non-controlling interests of which profit attributable to non-controlling interests | 165 19 | 162 11 |
| Total Shareholders' equity | 11,179 | 11,629 |
| Non-current provisions and deferred tax liabilities <br> Bonds <br> Non-current financial liabilities and derivative instruments | $\begin{array}{r} 4,076 \\ 6,949 \\ 915 \end{array}$ | 4,069 6,731 1,441 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 11,940 | 12,241 |
| Current provisions | 163 | 153 |
| Operating payables | 1,546 | 1,572 |
| Other operating payables | 924 | 765 |
| which other operating payables | 635 | 723 |
| Tangible/intangible current payables | 288 | 41 |
| Tax payable | 127 | 167 |
| Bonds | 1,001 | 525 |
| Current financial liabilities and derivatives | 656 | 765 |
| Total current liabilities | 4,418 | 3,947 |
| Liabilities held for sale | 0 | 0 |
| Total current liabilities | 27,537 | 27,817 |

(*) Data published with respect to fiscal year 2012/2013 has been adjusted following the application of amended IAS 19 (Employee Benefits), adopted in the European Union and whose application is mandatory for the Group from 1 July 2013 with retrospective effect as from 1 July 2012

## Amended IAS 19: Balance Sheet reconciliation



| Liabilities and shareholders' equity (E millions) | Published <br> $30 / 06 / 2013$ | Application of amended IAS 19 | Restated 30/06/2013 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Group Shareholders' equity | 11,183 | (169) | 11,014 |
| Non-controlling interests <br> of which profit attributable to non-controlling interests | 168 19 | (3) (0) | 165 19 |
| Total Shareholders' equity | 11,351 | (172) | 11,179 |
| Non-current provisions and deferred tax liabilities Bonds Non-current financial liabilities and derivative instruments | 3,855 6,949 915 | 221 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,076 \\ 6,949 \\ 915 \end{array}$ |
| Total non-current liabilities | 11,719 | 221 | 11,940 |
| Current provisions | 163 |  | 163 |
| Operating payables | 1,546 |  | 1,546 |
| Other operating payables | 924 |  | 924 |
| which other operating payables | 635 |  | 635 |
| Tangible/intangible current payables | 288 |  | 288 |
| Tax payable | 127 |  | 127 |
| Bonds | 1,001 |  | 1,001 |
| Current financial liabilities and derivatives | 656 |  | 656 |
| Total current liabilities | 4,418 |  | 4,418 |
| Liabilities held for sale | 0 |  | 0 |
| Total current liabilities | 27,488 | 49 | 27,537 |

## Analysis of Working Capital Requirement

| (€ millions) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 2012 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { December } \\ & 2012 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 2013 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { December } \\ & 2013 \end{aligned}$ | FY 12/13 <br> wc <br> change* | $\begin{gathered} \text { FY } \mathbf{1 3 / 1 4} \\ \text { WC } \\ \text { change* } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Aged work in progress | 3,431 | 3,439 | 3,617 | 3,706 | 24 | 78 |
| Advances to suppliers for wine and ageing spirits | 7 | 10 | 6 | 12 | 4 | 7 |
| Payables on wine and ageing spirits | 90 | 110 | 91 | 138 | 21 | 45 |
| Net aged work in progress | 3,348 | 3,339 | 3,532 | 3,580 | 7 | 39 |
| Trade receivables before factoring/securitization | 1,602 | 2,460 | 1,595 | 2,309 | 905 | 783 |
| Advances from customers | 4 | 3 | 12 | 2 | (1) | (9) |
| Other receivables | 260 | 256 | 266 | 251 | 1 | (1) |
| Other inventories | 801 | 779 | 799 | 797 | (1) | 29 |
| Non-aged work in progress | 64 | 63 | 69 | 65 | 1 | (0) |
| Trade payables and other | 2,061 | 2,169 | 2,079 | 2,155 | 152 | 134 |
| Gross operating working capital | 662 | 1,387 | 638 | 1,264 | 755 | 686 |
| Factoring/Securitization impact | 500 | 707 | 505 | 684 | (215) | (188) |
| Net Operating Working Capital | 162 | 680 | 133 | 580 | 540 | 498 |
| Net Working Capital | 3,510 | 4,019 | 3,665 | 4,160 | 548 | 536 |
| * without FX effects and reclassifications |  |  | Of which recurring variation Of which non recurring variation |  | 568 | 537 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (21) | (1) |

## Change in Net Debt

| (E millions) | 31/12/2012 | 31/12/2013 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Self-financing capacity before interest and tax | 1,491 | 1,417 |
| Decrease (increase) in working capital requirements | (548) | (536) |
| Financial result and tax cash | (434) | (414) |
| Net acquisitions of non financial assets | (94) | (134) |
| Free Cash Flow | 416 | 332 |
| Disposals/acquisitions assets and others | (32) | (70) |
| Change in Group structure | - |  |
| Dividends and others | (419) | (441) |
| Decrease (increase) in net debt (before currency translation adjustments) | (34) | (179) |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | 249 | 281 |
| Decrease (increase) in net debt (after currency translation adjustments) | 215 | 102 |
| Initial net debt | $(9,363)$ | $(8,727)$ |
| Final net debt | $(9,148)$ | $(8,626)$ |

## Debt Maturity at 31 December 2013


$\rightarrow$ Gross debt maturity at end December 2013: 6 years and 2 months
$\rightarrow$ Available cash at end December 2013: $€ 0.7$ billion in cash and $€ 1.1$ billion in available credit facilities (after redemption of a $€ 550$ million bond issue which matured in December 2013)
$\rightarrow$ New bond maturity in HY2 2013/14 ( $£ 250$ m), which could be fully funded by future cash flow and/or confirmed, undrawn credit facilities

## Gross Debt Hedging at 31 December 2013



Natural debt hedging maintained: EUR/USD breakdown close to that of EBITDA Large part of debt still at fixed rates (77\%)

## Bond Issuances

| Currency | Par value | Coupon | Issue date | Maturity date |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| EUR | € 800 m | 7.000\% | 15/06/2009 | 15/01/2015 |
|  | € 1,200 m | 4.875\% | 18/03/2010 | 18/03/2016 |
|  | € 1,000 m | 5.000\% | 15/03/2011 | 15/03/2017 |
| USD | \$ 201 m | Libor 3M + spread | 21/12/2010 | 21/12/2015 |
|  | \$ 1,000 m | 5.750\% | 07/04/2011 | 07/04/2021 |
|  | \$ 1,500 m | 4.450\% | 20/10/2011 | 15/01/2022 |
|  | $\$ 2,500 \mathrm{mo} / \mathrm{w}$ : <br> $\$ 850 \mathrm{~m}$ at 5 years <br> $\$ 800 \mathrm{mat} 10.5$ years <br> $\$ 850 \mathrm{~m}$ at 30 years | 2.950\% at 5 years $4.250 \%$ at 10.5 years $5.500 \%$ at 30 years | 12/01/2012 | 15/01/2017 15/07/2022 15/01/2042 |
| GBP | £ 250 m | 6.625\% | 12/06/2002 | 12/06/2014 |

## Number of shares used in diluted EPS calculation

| (000's) | $\begin{gathered} \text { HY1 } \\ 12 / 13 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { HY1 } \\ 13 / 14 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of shares in issue at end of period |  | 265,422 |  | 265,422 |
| Weighted number of shares in issue (pro rata temporis) |  | 265,356 |  | 265,422 |
| Number of treasury shares |  | $(1,901)$ |  | $(2,156)$ |
| Dilutive impact of stock options and performance shares |  | 2,780 |  | 2,501 |
| Number of shares used in diluted EPS calculation |  | 266,234 |  | 265,766 |
| ( $€$ millions and $€ /$ share) | $\begin{gathered} \text { HY1 } \\ 12 / 13 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { HY1 } \\ 13 / 14 \end{gathered}$ | $\Delta$ |
| Group share of net profit from recurring operations ${ }^{(1)}$ | 852 |  | 826 | -3\% |
| Diluted net earnings per share from recurring operations ${ }^{(1)}$ | 3.20 |  | 3.11 | -3\% |

## 析 <br> Pernod Ricard

Créateurs de convivialité


[^0]:    * Organic growth

